THE EVENING PAPER Contains the News of To-day.
THE MORNING PAPER The Events of Yesterday.

The Lima Times-Democrat.

READ THE NEWS WHILE IT IS FRESH
The Times-Democrat Contains It
ONLY TEN CENTS A WEEK.

VOL. XI, NO. 8. LIMA, OHIO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1891. PRICE THREE CENTS

FIGHTING ON THE YALU

Another Battle Between the Japs and Chinese.

ATTACK MADE BY THE FORMER.

After a Short Engagement the Chinese Are Completely Routed With Twenty Killed and Wounded — The Whole Japanese Army Crossing the Yalu River and Preparing to Attack the Chinese Stronghold.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A dispatch from Tokio says Count Yamagata, commander-in-chief of the Japanese forces in Corea, has reported to the government at Tokio that a detachment of 1,800 Japanese infantry crossed the Yalu river on the morning of Oct. 24, at Sukochia, above Wi-Ju.

Shortly after crossing the river the troops met a body of Chinese, composed of 600 cavalry and 100 infantry, with two cannon. The Japanese at once made an attack upon the enemy, and the latter fled, leaving behind them the two guns and a large number of muskets. The Chinese lost 20 killed and wounded, but there was not a single fatality among the Japanese. The latter also seized a fort near the scene of the engagement.

A detachment of the Japanese forces is advancing upon Laishiyen, and the main body is crossing the Yalu river.

A dispatch, dated Wi-Ju, Oct. 24, apparently delayed in transmission, was received here yesterday evening, giving details of the above fight. It says that the Japanese were ferried over the Yalu river at Sukochin at daybreak. Chinese earthworks had been thrown up to oppose the Japanese force, but a slight deviation enabled the Japanese to cross the river and land without opposition. The Chinese fled after the first few rounds were fired at them. The Japanese captured the works with a rush. The Chinese fled to the batteries that had been constructed lower down the river, throwing away their arms in their flight. These were found to be antiquated muskets.

The advanced detachment now holds the Sukochin ferry to guard the passage of the Japanese main body, the advances of which will commence at dawn tomorrow (Thursday). The Japanese engineers have pontoons thrown across the river in readiness for the army to pass over. The Chinese are still in force in the batteries opposite Wi-Ju. Their strength has not materially increased during the past week. The main attack upon the Chinese position will be delivered before Sunday.

The Big Battle Now Raging.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 26.—Later advices from the front show that the Japanese army crossed the Yalu river on Wednesday without further opposition and immediately advanced to the attack of the Chinese Kiulenste (Kuilenstad.) The battle is now proceeding.

Officially Confirmed.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 26.—An official telegram reports that a battle took place on Wednesday between the Chinese and Japanese on the Chinese side of the Yalu river. The fighting was proceeding when the message was dispatched. No details are given.

WASHING AWAY THE BEACH.

Coney Island Lashed by a Destructive Hurricane.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Coney Island has been lashed by a storm for the past 60 hours, such as it has not experienced since the memorable cuse of 1887. The rain of Wednesday, accompanied by a hard driving northeasterly wind, started the music. A high tide followed, and with the latter, a ground swell, one such as Coney Island has rarely experienced, made things unusually lively.

It was high tide shortly after 4 p. m. Wednesday. At that hour the ocean was as placid as a baby asleep, but suddenly the great combers developed into high rolling waves of green, which, as they approached the shore, broke up on the beach or against the bulkheads in front of the Oriental, Manhattan and Brighton Beach hotels with a roar that could be heard far inland. Each receding wave carried away with it a few feet of the beach, digging up piles and bulkheads and undermining the smaller pavilions near the ocean.

Between Sea Breeze avenue and the ocean lies a strip of Brooklyn city property controlled by the park department. Yesterday an engineer was sent down from Brooklyn to find out how the property could be saved from further inroads of the sea. The engineer discovered that there was nothing left worth mentioning save Sea Breeze avenue, and very little of that. The rest of the beautiful beach had been carried away by the waves and added to the accumulation of sand, known as Rockaway bar, which year by year, is approaching nearer and nearer Sandy Hook.

DEATH OF DR. HELMBOLD.

The Famous Buchu Man Suddenly Dies of Apoplexy.

TRENTON, Oct. 26.—Dr. H. T. Helmbold of extract of Buchu fame, died suddenly of apoplexy yesterday in the state asylum for the insane in this city. He was 57 years of age, and has been an inmate of the institution about three years. Dr. Helmbold became insane, supposedly through excesses, about 15 years ago. He was sent to the Pennsylvania asylum at Norristown, and spent several years there, when his wife secured his release.

He then resumed his patent medicine business and became a millionaire. For many years he conducted a drugstore in the Continental hotel building in Philadelphia and later in the Herald building, at Broadway and Ann streets, New York. Several years ago he took up his residence in Long Branch, where he, at different times, entertained General Grant and other dignitaries. His mental malady developed new phases and his conduct led to his confinement in the asylum here. At times he was rational but very often violent, when he was put under restraint. He made four or five attempts to escape. Wednesday his attendant found a bundle of letters which Dr. Helmbold had written and addressed to Governor Werts and others. In these he stated that he was sane and would pay liberally for his freedom.

Justice Field Not a Trustee.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Oct. 26.—Justice Stephen J. Field has resigned as trustee of the Leland Stanford, Jr., university.

DEVASTATING FIRES.

Many Miles of Country Burned Over in Nebraska.

HYANNIS, Neb., Oct. 26.—This week has been a direful one in a large portion of the Sand Hills. Devastating fires have swept through the western part of Cherry and Grant counties, burning on the north side of the Burlington and Missouri railway track to within about four miles of this city. Lashed on by a furious wind, the fires traveled at a pace that carried consternation as well as destruction.

The fire north of the railroad was set the first of the week, by a man and his pipe, about 10 miles north of Alliance. The man was intoxicated and in filling and lighting his pipe threw the burning match on the ground where it ignited the grass. In an instant a fire started which, fanned by the northwest wind, at once set out on its mission of destruction.

Specific reports of damage done on the ranches of the sufferers are not in yet. Those losing hay are as follows: Bartlett Richards, 1,500 tons; Margraves, 850 tons; Pat Mure, 100 tons; West, 100 tons; H Woodruff, 800 tons; Stansbie Brothers, 1,000 tons; J. H. Miner, 1,000 tons; Mason Brothers, 1,200 tons and barn.

It is reported two men were burned at Mullen. One is dead and the other is lying in a critical condition and will die.

At about the same time another fire started on the south side of the track, burning everything clear from Lakeside to the Blue river. At present the fire is largely confined to the isolated districts of Sheridan, Grant, Thomas and Cherry counties. Little information is obtainable, as the fire is swept by a high wind first in one direction and then in another, but the loss is known to be heavy.

The fatalities known are as follows, though many unverified rumors declare many ranchmen were lost:

E. . Letocher, ranchman, caught by flames while trying to save his home.

—— Bliss, brother-in-law of Letocher.

Two unknown men.

In Sheridan county the fire has burned over a strip of country over 10 miles in width and is still burning. Thousands of tons of hay have been destroyed, leaving cattlemen destitute. The homes and stock of two men were burned, and their cattle range ruined. It will require thousands of dollars to repair the great damage of the fire. Nothing like the ruin has happened for years.

At Bedford, 10 miles south, citizens were out until a late hour last night burning fire guards, and at this time the town is considered safe unless the fire should come in north of the strip already burned over. The wind is blowing at the rate of 60 miles an hour and grave fears of fire are entertained, as the atmosphere is full of smoke and cinders. So far no loss of life is reported in that locality, but the loss of range will be great to the stockmen.

Hundreds of thousands of head of cattle are grazing in Cherry, Thomas, Grant and other counties, where these fires are raging. These cattle were sent there from the southern part of the state, where the drouth has been felt so heavily, and were taken to the northern counties to graze for the winter. It is feared that a large proportion of these cattle have perished in the flames. It is almost impossible to get any definite information concerning the fires, as they are at some distance from the railway stations.

The loss to the farmers and stock raisers will be enormous, and, coming as it does on the top of the drouth, the situation will be hard to bear this winter. It will be several days before any definite details as to the loss of life and property will be known, as those who have fled from their homes to the water courses to avoid the flames will not leave them while the fires are being so constantly shifted by the high wind.

MINE ACCIDENT.

One Man Killed and Eleven Others Entombed and Their Fate Unknown.

IRONWOOD, Mich., Oct. 26.—What may prove to be the worst accident in the history of the Menominee range occurred on the fourth level of shaft No. 1 at the Pewabic mine at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. One man is known to have been killed and 11 others are entombed and their fate will not be known for 18 hours, as it will take that length of time for as large a force of men as can be employed in the narrow shaft to clear away the rubbish.

The accident was caused by the sandstone capping which overhung the room, coming away with sufficient force to crush the timbers without warning. The settling commenced in an old room above the third level about 100 feet in height.

In an interview Superintendent Brown expressed himself as being confident that all the entombed men would be taken out alive. This will depend very much on whether the air is pure and of sufficient quantity to keep them alive. Some miners interviewed seem to think that the supply will not prove sufficient and that it is charged with poisonous gasses. The body of Frank Gabardi, the man killed, has been taken out. Among the men imprisoned are John Farrell, Peter Hellberg, William Rickard and William Thomas. All have families.

Searching For Murderous Tramps.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Oct. 26.—Over a hundred men are searching for three tramps who are believed to have hidden in a small marsh two miles east of the city. Men are patrolling the locality to prevent their escape. Last night Policeman Marcellus was shot in the body by one of the tramps while the patrolman was attempting to arrest them for persisting in boarding a Michigan Central train. The tramps got away after wounding Marcellus, but the citizens are determined the ruffians shall not escape arrest.

Two Men Frightfully Mangled.

BRAZIL, Ind., Oct. 26.—Eli Krouse and Edward Wurdmuse, owners and operators of a large gristmill at Reelsville, a short distance east of here, were instantly killed yesterday by the westbound passenger train No. 6 on the Vandalia road. The train was three hours late and caught the men as they were crossing the track in a wagon. The vehicle was demolished and the men were frightfully mangled.

Premature Explosion.

BRENHAM, Tex., Oct. 26.—By the premature explosion of a blast at a quarry, 14 miles north of here, James Quiller, M. R. Wood and Dick Foster were fatally injured. The tamping iron struck a spark from the rock and exploded 25 pounds of giant powder.

THE CZAR STILL LIVES

Russia's Ruler Has Not Yet Succumed to the Inevitable.

GROWING WEAKER EVERY DAY.

He Awaits Death With Perfect Composure. Surgery Useless—The Czarina's Condition Reported Very Critical—The Wedding Ceremony Delayed — Reassuring News About the Czar Reaches Washington.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 26.—A bulletin issued from Livadia at 6 o'clock yesterday evening says:

"Neither somnolence nor spasmodic symptoms were observed today. His majesty's appetite is satisfactory. The œdema did not increase as usual."

The bulletin is signed by the five doctors in attendance upon his majesty.

The czar's strength is daily decreasing, but he awaits death with perfect composure. In order to counteract the depression of those about him, he has ordered that the band at the palace play during lunch time. The czarina, though suffering severely, never quits her husband's side. She sits for hours beside the armchair occupied by the emperor, and watches by his bedside when he is unable to sleep. The czar, it is said, has made all his arrangements with a view to death.

Rooms are being hastily prepared at the winter palace for the reception of the czarewitch. The work proceeds night and day.

A manifesto has already been printed at the office of The Official Gazette for issue on the occasion of the czarewitch's marriage to Princess Alix. Two hundred thousand copies of this manifesto will be distributed on the wedding day.

There has been a renewal of the serious reports in regard to the condition of the czarina. It is stated that she has to be wheeled into the czar's room in an invalid's chair and that she is only able to visit the emperor a few times daily.

LONDON TIMES' DISPATCHES.

Not Much Hope For the Czar From This Source.

LONDON, Oct 26.—A dispatch to The Times from St. Petersburg says it is reported that Dr. Zacharin is opposed to an operation being performed upon the czar.

News is expected today or tomorrow of the induction of Princess Alix into the Greek church, and of the exchange of rings between her and the czarewitch, but there is no certainty of what may occur. There is little likelihood now that the marriage will be celebrated at Livadia. Official personages now deny that there will be any marriage service there, but they do not reject the likelihood of the two preliminary rites there.

It is reported that the czarina is in a very nervous condition. She suffered an attack of lumbago before she reached Crimea. Naturally there is great anxiety on the czar's account, but there are no apprehensions for the future except among the holders of high offices, who fear they may be superseded.

It is expected that there will be extensive though gradual changes in the internal affairs of the empire in the event of the czar's death, but the diplomatic circular from the foreign office, which it is customary to issue upon the demise of the crown, will doubtless announce that there will be no change in the foreign policy.

Princess Alix Has Not Yet Been Baptized.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—A dispatch to The Daily News from St. Petersburg says that the baptism of Princess Alix has not occurred yet. Whether the delay is due to her protests against declaring the Evangelical church accursed, as the Greek church dignitaries insist she shall do, or to the condition of the czar is not known. All hope of sustaining his majesty's life has been abandoned, and the worst may happen any moment through heart failure.

Surgery Useless.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—The correspondent of The Daily News at Berlin says The Local Anzeiger publishes an interview with Professor Bergmann, who was reported as having refused to go to Livadia to attend the czar. Professor Bergmann declared that surgery was useless in his majesty's case, because both of his kidneys were affected, and the removal of both of them would be as bad as beheading him.

Reassuring News Reach Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—Prince Cantacuzene, the Russian minister, was yesterday in receipt of a cablegram concerning the condition of the czar. It was a little more reassuring in character and said that on Tuesday night the emperor had enjoyed a good sleep of several hours. The next day, Wednesday, the dispatch said there was no relapse and the appetite of the patient was better, but his feet were more swollen than before. Last Sunday the sacrament of the holy communion was administered to the sufferer.

THEY'LL TRY IT.

Indiana Women to Test the Suffrage Law This Fall.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 26.—Word comes that women in Cass county have determined to practically test the validity of the law in Indiana on the question of woman suffrage by offering their ballots at the polls on election day. Upon the admonition of Mrs. Helen Gougar, the woman suffragist, the women of Royal Center have organized and by a vote decided to make the attempt, and they will attend the election in a body and attempt to vote.

It learned that the Woman's Christian Temperance union of Laporte will also take action upon the question. They claim that the laws of the state conflict with the constitution of the United States.

Gold Reserve Still Increasing.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—The cash balance in the treasury yesterday was $112,712,451; gold reserve $60,656,991. The increase in the amount of the gold reserve was occasioned by deposits of gold in exchange for currency. Of these deposits, $352,895 was received at New York, $122,765 at St. Louis and $96,422 at Philadelphia.

Ex-Priest at the Point of Death.

MONTREAL, Oct. 26.—Rev. Father Chiniqy, the celebrated ex-priest, is at the point of death. He caught a severe cold while returning from Albany and his age almost precludes recovery.

ANOTHER TOWN LOOTED.

Cook's Gang of Outlaws Visit Gibson Station in the Indian Territory.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 26.—A report has reached this city to the effect that the little town of Gibson Station has been robbed in pretty much the same fashion as the Watoba holdup, the express office and several stores being looted. The place is six miles south of Wagoner, on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road, and there is no telegraph office there, particulars of the robbery have not been received here. It is said that six men took part in the holdup. Marshal Grump received a telegram yesterday from Deputy Lawson, who had gone in pursuit of the Cook gang, and that a fight between the bandits and officers was expected at any time. The latest robbery reported here up to this time was that of a preacher, Wednesday night at Illinois Station by two men. It is not known how much was secured.

The train from Wagoner, which arrived here at 1 o'clock this morning, was guarded by a force of 25 men under the leadership of Sheriff Brown. The same posse guarded the westbound train leaving here a few hours later, and were reinforced by 26 others at Kenetia, as the railroad people were expecting a holdup at Illinois Station. The Cook gang is supposed to be in that vicinity, as 10 armed men were seen at the water tank there when the eastbound train came through. Conductor Dunkling was on the lookout for a holdup at Braggs, and later at Illinois, but he came through all right. He reports the whole country as up in arms, and in the hunt for the outlaws, saying there are fully 500 men in the chase. Bill Cook is to be shot on sight.

The marshal's office is expecting a telegram from their deputies in regard to a fight with the Cook gang. The deputies are now searching for Cook and his gang high and low. About 100 of them have been ordered to Gibson by United States Marshal Crump to participate in the chase after the bandits.

Gibson is the place Cook has heretofore made his headquarters. There is little doubt, however, that his band has scattered, learning of the coming of the deputies and Indian police.

Indian Agent Wisdom has these Indian police to join in the search along with the deputies. Troops would be useless in the territory, except, perhaps, cavalry. The Cooks have to be tracked, and the country is filled with many of their friends, ready to give the alarm.

The chief of the Cherokee nation has offered a reward of $500 for Bill Cook.

The dispatch sent out from Tahlequah a few nights ago, saying that Jim Cook, the young brother of the Bill Cook, had made his escape from the Cherokee guards, is a mistake. Four guards have him in charge. They got scared the other night, and fearing the Cooks would swoop down upon them they changed his guardhouse and gave out the report that Jim Cook had escaped. It was all a ruse, so the private secretary of Chief Harris has informed the Associated Press correspondent.

It is now only a matter of a few hours until the last is heard of the Cook gang, as a fight or capture is imminent.

Commissioner McKennon was in the city yesterday and said that the Cook episode would doubtless hasten the opening of the territory. His commission will make a unanimous report to congress recommending the long-looked-for change.

In Hot Pursuit of the Cook Gang.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Oct. 26.—The Cook gang is headed for the mountains in the western part of the nation with the Indian police, Indian sheriffs and United States marshals in pursuit. As heavy rewards are offered for the leaders of the gang, dead or alive, it is believed that they will be captured soon.

A MILE IN 1:35 2-5.

Such Is the Astounding Achievement of John S. Johnson on a Bicycle.

BUFFALO, Oct. 26.—John S. Johnson Wednesday afternoon rode a bicycle in the unparalleled time of 1:35 2-5, almost 14 seconds faster than any single rider has ever covered the distance in the world; six seconds faster than any tandem has ever negotiated the distance, and one-tenth second faster than the world's record for running horses—1:35 1-2, made by Salvator on a straight track at Monmouth Park, N. J., Aug. 29, 1890.

Johnson rode the course in heavy black tights and two thick sweaters, which tended to impede the free play of his muscles. Electrical timing arrangements were provided, and each quarter was checked at both start and finish, so that there can be no doubt of the accuracy of the performance.

The first quarter was covered in 21 2-5 seconds, crowding closely the best record for a thoroughbred horse for the same distance. This was on the downgrade quarter. In the second quarter, which was up hill, they went the distance in 26 2-5 seconds, making the half in 46 4-5 seconds, four-fifths of a second lower than the half-mile record held by the California filly, Geraldine. The quarter was made in 25 seconds, making the time for the three-fourths of a miles 2 4-5 seconds slower than the three-fourths made by Domino last fall.

The pace in the stretch was wonderfully fast, and when the quadruplet crossed the line Johnson was a short foot behind the rear wheel, and riding as if out for an exercise ride. The official time for the mile was 1:35 25. Several club riders made the time 1:35 flat. Johnson says he feels confident that he can do a mile in in 1:30.

"Speculative Pools" in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—The raid on discretionary pools in Pittsburg for $2,000,000 started inquiries in this city and the result of the investigation is startling. It reveals the existence in Chicago of a large number of such concerns, which are doing a rushing business. Indeed, Chicago harbors a perfect nest of them, and it is said they have taken in $4,000,000 or $5,000,000 during the year. There are 15 or 20 concerns located in the back office of buildings in the board of trade quarter that are running what they call "speculative pools." Many of them, it is said, have been immensely successful to those in charge.

Charged With Murder.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 26.—Mrs. Drummond and her alleged paramour, a young man named Hamrick, have been arrested and are now held in jail at Elizabeth, Wirt county, charged with poisoning the former's aged husband. She was married to Drummond last August. His stomach will be analyzed.

OHIO STATE NEWS.

Dispatches Detailing Events at Various Places.

WEDDING CEREMONY POSTPONED.

The Prospective Groom Meets With an Accident While En Route to Take the Train—Narrow Escape of School Children—New Incorporations—Oil Fire at Dayton—Other Buckeye Events.

LONDON, O., Oct. 26.—There was to have been a wedding at South Charleston Wednesday evening, but owing to the failure of the prospective groom to put in an appearance, the event was indefinitely postponed. The parties are Chesterfield D. Ashley of Deland, Fla., and Miss Mabel, daughter of Dr Graham, a well known physician.

Word was received from him Sunday stating that he was badly injured while en route to take the train. This is looked upon by some as a hoax, as this is the second time their marriage has been postponed. The parties first met about a year ago, when Ashley was in the employ of his prospective father-in-law as a groom for his string of horses. The young lady has stuck steadfast to her lover, although her parents at first objected, and is still firm in the belief that he will yet put in an appearance and the marriage be performed.

Hopes of a Murderer.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 26.—Clarence Robinson, who, with his wife, Sadie, murdered Attorney Gibbs in Buffalo, April 28 last, is now on his way to Buffalo, in charge of Deputy Superintendent of Police Cussack returned from Columbus, where he went to secure requisition papers, and which he secured without trouble. Robinson was taken before Judge Noble in the criminal court and four charges of burglary and larceny against him were set aside in view of the fact that he is wanted on a more serious charge in Buffalo. The prisoner is still as cheerful as ever and says now that he has hopes for life.

Women's Clubs Officers.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 26.—The convention of Women's clubs of Ohio adopted a constitution and bylaws. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, Mrs. Annette Lincoln Phillips, London; first vice president, Miss Anna Laws, Cincinnati; recording secretary, Mrs. W. J. Huggins, Mansfield; correspondent secretary, Miss Anna B. Johnson, Springfield; treasurer, Mrs. S. B. Sneath, Tiffin; auditor, Mrs. H. T. Huntington, Sandusky.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 26.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state yesterday as follows: The Miamisburg Paper company, Miamisburg, $10,000; R. A. Constable Manufacturing company, Dayton, $50,000; Mount Arrarat Society, No. 851, K. A. E. O., Cincinnati; Euclid Beach Park company, Cleveland, $300,000; Sons of Veterans' Memorial Hall company, Lockland, $10,000.

Narrow Escape of School Children.

GALLIPOLIS, O., Oct. 26.—The children of the Garfield school had just been dismissed last evening, when a enormous rock from the apex of the hill behind the school crashed through the building, completely destroying the furniture of the room which the children had just left. Had Professor Porter detained his scholars five minutes, probably 50 would have been crushed.

Destructive Work of a Street Urchin.

DAYTON, O., Oct. 26.—The destruction by fire of a large delivery wagon containing 20 barrels of oil followed a collision with an electric car. A street urchin applied a burning match to the oil that was scattered about the streets, when the flames traveled to the wagon and quickly enveloped the vehicle. The driver of the wagon barely had time to unhitch and save his horses.

Masonic Officers.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 26.—The 85th annual communication of the Most Worthy Grand Lodge of Ohio, Free and Accepted Masons, elected officers as follows: Grand master, Carroll F. Clapp of Warren; deputy grand master, William B. Melish of Cincinnati; senior grand warden, Barton Smith of Toledo; junior grand warden, Charles E. Baldwin of Mt. Vernon.

Death of a Band Leader.

SIDNEY, O., Oct. 26.—The death of Henry Klute, the leader of Klute's band, which was considered the best state band at the national encampment of the Grand Army at Pittsburg, will be much regretted by music lovers of western Ohio. He was 39 years old. Funeral Sunday afternoon.

Populist in Trouble.

MOUNT VERNON, O., Oct. 26.—Daniel F. Adams of Howard, a prohibition township, was convicted in the probate court of selling liquor on the day Coxey was advertised to be in Howard, Aug. 14. A few years ago Adams was a Populist candidate for congress.

Two Dead, Three Dying.

WINCHESTER, O., Oct. 26.—Two children of David Houghton, a farmer living 12 miles northeast of here, died within an hour from diphtheria. Three other children in the same family are in a dangerous condition and can not live through the night.

His Reason Dethroned.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 26.—Allen Taylor, who for more than a year has held the position of stenographic clerk in the supreme court, is in a private sanitarium, with his reason dethroned.

Attacked by Tramps.

HAMILTON, O., Oct. 26. — George Burns, a patternmaker, was attacked by two tramps and struck on the head, sustaining a very serious injury. They wanted money.

Foundry Burned.

WARREN, O., Oct. 26.—The Hubbard Foundry and Machine company's works at Hubbard, this county, were destroyed by fire. Loss, $15,000.

Fell Ninety Feet.

WAUSEON, O., Oct. 26.—Luther Orendorff, a building contractor, fell 90 feet from a church steeple at Edon and was instantly killed.

New Electric Road.

ASHLAND, O., Oct. 26.—An electric road between Toledo and this city is proposed.

BACK IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

The President and His Family Return to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26. — President Cleveland returned to the city via the Pennsylvania road, after an absence of about eight weeks, most of which was spent at Gray Gables. The president was accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland, the two children, their nurses and Secretary Lamont, who joined the party at Baltimore on his way home from McGrawville, N. Y. Private Secretary Thurber was at the station to meet the president's family. The president's carriage was driven to the side entrance of the station, and he entered from that place. There was but a small crowd on hand, as the time of the president's arrival was not generally known.

To one of the White House attaches who saw him when he arrived, the president said he had enjoyed his vacation and was feeling very well, and his appearance bore testimony to that effect. Mr. Cleveland's carriage was at once driven to the White House, which has been thoroughly renovated and overhauled during the absence of its inmates from the city.

THREE VESSELS OVERDUE.

Two of Them Given Up For Lost and but Slight Hopes For the Other One.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Great excitement prevails in shipping circles over the fact that the North Atlantic Trident line steamship Enskar, which sailed from this port Oct. 3 for London, with a cargo of merchandise, valued at $300,000, and 222 head of cattle, has not reached her destination. She was due at London on the 17th inst., but no tidings of her have been received since she left the Delaware breakwater early on the morning of the 4th inst.

All hope for the safety of the British whaling steamship Falcon, which brought to this port the members of the Peary expedition, and which sailed Oct. 3 for St. Johns, N. F., has now been given up and there no longer exists any doubt that she has gone down at sea with all hands.

The schooner John D. Williams, from Philadelphia, Oct. 6, for Providence, has also been given up.

Two Stories and the Roof Burned.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 26.—Shortly after 10 o'clock last night fire broke out in the basement of the Baird building, which is used for office purposes at the corner of Sixth and Wyandotte streets, and, starting up the elevator shaft, the flames spread all over the sixth and seventh floors. After those floors and the roof had been destroyed the firemen subdued the flames. The loss will not exceed $30,000.

Fifteen Cars of Tinplate.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 26.—A train of 15 cars left Canton last night over the Pennsylvania railroad for Milwaukee with tinplate brought from Swansea, Wales, by the Atlantic transport line steamers Maryland and Menantic. There were about 500,000 pounds of plate in the shipment.

The Ohio Man Won.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct 26.—Billy Dacey of New York and Louis Jester, champion lightweight of Ohio, fought 10 rounds at Nanticoke last night for a $500 purse. Dacey was to have knocked his man out in 10 rounds, but he failed to do it. The referee gave the fight to the Ohio man.

Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge Dead.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge, corresponding secretary of the National and World's Women's Christian Temperance union, died yesterday evening. She was stricken with apoplexy two days ago. The body will be taken to Ravenna, O., for interment.

Was It the Music?

NASHVILLE, Oct. 25.—During the performance of the Sousa band at the tabernacle last night, Dr. J. P. Duke, the oldest and most prominent homeopathic physician in the city, was stricken with apoplexy and is now in a critical condition.

Earthquakes in the East.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 26.—Three thousand houses have been destroyed by a succession of violent earthquake shocks. As far as known 200 lives have been lost and a large number of people have been injured.

Indications.

Increasing cloudiness, followed by light showers; warmer; south winds; increasing in force on lakes.

THE MARKETS.

Review of the Grain and Cattle Markets For October 25.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $5 00@5 25; good, $4 40@4 75; good butchers', $3 75@4 00; rough fat, $2 50@3 15; fair light steers, $2 10@2 90; good fat cows and heifers, $2 50@3 00; bulls, stags and cows, $1 30@2 80; fresh cows, $20@40; good feeders, $3 50@3 75. Hogs—Philadelphias, $5 00@5 10; mixed, $4 90@4 95; Yorkers, $4 80@4 90; roughs, $3 00@4 50. Sheep — Extra, $3 80@4 00; good, $2 10@2 50; fair, $1 50@1 80; common, 50c@$1 00; yearlings, $2 00@3 00; lambs, $3 00@3 25; veals, $3 00@5 40.

Buffalo.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 54½c; No. 3 red, 54c; No. 1 white, 57½c. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 65½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 34c; No. 3 white, 33c; No. 2 oats, 31c. Cattle—Monday's prices prevailed. Hogs—Mediums, heavies and choice Yorkers, $4 65@4 80; roughs, $3 75@4 10; stags, $3 25@3 50. Sheep and lambs—Best wethers, $3 75@3 90; fair to good mixed sheep, $1 50@2 00; common to fair, $1 25@1 50; choice lambs, $3 50@3 65; fair to good, $3 50@3 60.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—49½c. Corn—New, 38@39c; old, 50@53c. Cattle—Select butchers, $3 85@4 25; fair to medium, $2 85@3 75; common, $1 75@2 50. Hogs—Selected and prime butchers, $4 25@4 65; packing, $4 30@4 55; common to rough, $4 00@4 40. Sheep—50c@$3 75. Lambs—$1 50@3 50.

Toledo.

Wheat—Cash and October, 52½c; December, 52½c; May, 57c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 50c; No. 2 yellow, 51½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 28½c; No. 2 white, 31½c. Rye—No. 2, 49c. Cloverseed—Cash and October, $5 20, January, $5 35; February, $5 37½.

Chicago.

Hogs—Select butchers, $4 70@4 85; packers, $4 45@4 85. Cattle — Prime steers, $5 35@6 00; others, $1 25@4 25; cows and bulls, $1 00@3 00. Sheep — $75c@3 00; lambs, $1 25@4 00.

Cincinnati Tobacco.

The 880 hhds offered sold as follows: 120, $1 15@3 95; 240, $4 00@5 95; 231, $6 00@7 95; 119, $8 00@9 95; 60, $10 00@11 75; 57, $12 00@14 75; 46, $15 00@19 00.

New York.

Cattle—$2 00@5 30. Sheep—$1 25@2 75. Lambs—$3 50@4 00.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1891.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Faults of English Cavalry.

The tradition still clings to the British cavalry of undisciplined and headlong recklessness in the field—of all faults the most ruinous. Wellington considered his cavalry in the peninsula so inferior to that of the French, from want of order, that he was reluctant to use it unless when in superior strength, and he said, speaking of Waterloo: "Napoleon had his cavalry in order. Mine would gallop, but could not preserve their order."

It was this gallant but undisciplined propensity to get out of hand which in the battle of Waterloo, as the issue of a single charge, reduced Lord Uxbridge's splendid division of heavy cavalry to a single squadron. The wild gallop of the "Third light" through the heart of the Khalsa camp in the evening dusk of Ferozeshah, like the charge of the Light brigade down the north valley of Balaklava, "was magnificent, but it was not war." Kinglake innocently expresses his admiration of the prolongation of front in Scarlett's heavy cavalry charge, occasioned by the circumstances that "the two ranks which had begun the advance were converted by degrees into one."—Blackwood's Magazine.

Effective Spur.

In the early days of the California legislature there was a member from Mariposa of whom it was said, "Just get him mad, and he'll make a good speech, but not unless you do." On one occasion he rose to express his mind in regard to a certain subject, but the only words which came from his lips were, "Mr. Speaker"—When he had repeated them three times, several voices suggested scornfully, "Git out!"

This was all that the member from Mariposa needed. His eyes flashed and his cheek reddened as he thundered: "The gentleman may cry 'Git out!' but the member from Mariposa will not git out. My speech is already begun. Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased at the price of silence in this assembly? No, sirree! I know not what course others may take; but, as for me, I'll anish my speech or know the reason why!"

And after bestowing a comprehensive glance upon his audience the member from Mariposa once more said "Mr. Speaker," and proceeded to make a really able and effective speech, which was loudly applauded at its close.—Youth's Companion.

Forgot All About It.

Dr. Duncan, the great Scottish theologian and oriental scholar, having to preach in a church near Aberdeen, set off one Sunday morning to walk to the place. Slowly moving along, he quickly got into the seventh heaven of mental exaltation, and time, space and matter fell from him like garments. Reaching the church and seeing people enter, it occurred to him to be a very proper thing to engage in public worship.

Going up to the elder at the plate, he inquired who was going to preach and only "came to himself" when he was told that the preacher was to be "Mr. Duncan from Aberdeen." One is inclined at first to doubt the authenticity of such anecdotes, but the present writer is ready to believe anything of the kind since an absent-minded friend of his own returned home, after performing part of his journey by rail, to ask where he was going to.—Gentleman's Magazine.

A Trap For Customers.

The following advertisement appeared in the local paper of a provincial town: "Do all your shopping at George Henrik Petersen's. He can sell cheaper than any one else, for he is a bachelor and is not compelled to provide for hungry brats and a dressy, extravagant wife. Lose no time, however, for he is not averse to marrying so soon as he can find a suitable partner."

As a result of the above announcement, the man has been doing a roaring trade with all the marriageable ladies of the town.—Ruhrbote.

How Will Ohio Go in November?
How Will the 4th Congressional District Go?
How Will Allen Co. Go for Congressional Candidate?

A lucky guess on the result will pay for any purchase you make between to-day and Nov. 6.

(The nine guessers closest to the actual result will receive their purchase money back after the votes are counted. You may be one of the lucky guessers.)

Make your purchases now if you need

An Overcoat, Suit, or Other Clothing, Underwear, Shirts, Jacket, Rubber Clothing, Hat, Cap, Trunk, Valise.

You can save money on any purchase, and may get your purchase, no matter what the amount,

Free for a Lucky Guess!

UNTIL NOVEMBER 6th.

THE LIMA CLOTHING CO.,
NORTH MAIN STREET.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Lima Times-Democrat.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms:
One copy one year, in advance......$5 00
Six months, in advance...................2 50
By carrier, per week.............10 cents.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING.
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

Subscription collections made weekly. Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

All foreign subscriptions must be paid in advance.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 96 columns of choice literary, editorial, news, and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of of $1.50 per year.
Address all communications to
TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.,
Lima, Ohio.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

None but SOLID METAL CUTS will hereafter be received by THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT, and advertisers will please govern themselves accordingly. Cuts with wood bases are either damaged, or altogether destroyed, and much valuable time lost and inconvenience involved in stereotyping them. Please make special note of this.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Secretary of the State,
MILTON TURNER,
of Guernsey.

Judge of the Supreme Court,
JAMES D. ERMSTON,
of Hamilton.

Member of the Board of Public Works,
HARRY B. KEFFER,
of Tuscarawas.

State Commissioner of Public Schools.
DR. J. A. LEECH,
of Franklin.

For Circuit Judge,
CALEB H. NORRIS,
of Marion County.

For Common Pleas Judge,
WILLIAM T. MOONEY,
of Auglaize County.

For Member of Congress,
F. C. LAYTON,
of Auglaize County.

For County Commissioner,
PETER LEIS,
of Spencer Township.

For Surveyor,
JNO. C. CRONLEY,
of Lima.

For Infirmary Director,
THOMAS FITZGERALD,
of Lima.

Davis and Davies are somewhat euphonious, but horribly diverse politically. Diagram furnished on application to Gen. Ellis.

A vote for Davies is a vote for gold standard. His local party organ defines that as his position, and also that of the Republican party.

A fortnight ago betting in New York was two to one in favor of Morton. To-day Democrats are offering thousands of even money with no takers that Hill will be elected. The index is a favorable one.

Democrats do not propose giving Republicans another opportunity to re-enact the McKinley bill, and if Czar Reed, Shelby Cullom and Ben Butterworth don't cease hitting that law such annihilating blows there will be but few thinking Republicans who will use their franchise to make such a calamity possible

A feature of the visit of the McKinley circus to this city, that has been overlooked, was that of a fellow who spent his time on the streets selling photographs of the star. It has since been learned that the plan was resorted to for the purpose of raising money to pay for the special Pullman car, from the rear end of which the quasi Governor of Ohio is addressing the people at railway stations throughout the country.

Would the election of a Republican congressman be a triumph for Democracy? Think a moment and you will be forced to the conclusion that rather would it mean a step toward the re-entrenchment of the enemies of the people, and following that the renewal of laws favoring classes, the re-enactment of election laws to deprive citizens of their constitutional rights; the levying of unjust tariff taxes, and the overthrow of honest government.

Under the influence of the new tariff bill the foreign wool entering into the composition of American-made goods has declined in value 40 per cent. and domestic wool has advanced ten per cent. Seventy new textile mills have started up, and one hundred and twenty-four of the old mills are being enlarged. Better than this—not, however, for calamity howlers—the price paid labor in these factories has been advanced 10 per cent. in many mills, and in a large number the owners have increased the wages of their operatives 20 per cent.

The good times are coming on with rapid pace, and all Democracy asks of the people is that they give the new law a fair and impartial trial.

This is time, this the campaign in which Democrats should think. Those who profess the Democratic faith should lay aside personal pique, and labor with tongue, and head to perpetuate the power of the party of the people. A vote for the the Republican or Populist candidate for Congress means nothing less than the jeopardy of Democratic control in the next Congress, and no man who is a Democrat because he believes in its teachings can conscientiously allow himself to commit such a breach of faith with himself.

A vote for a Republican member of congress this fall is a vote in favor of two year's continuous tinkering with the tariff and the ultimate re-adoption of the notorious McKinley bill which has almost wrecked the industries of this country. If by any unfortunate combination of circumstances the Republican party should control the next congress the same trusts, monopolies and corrupt combinations which controlled the last Republican congress and dictated its action will be in command. The tariff question will be the one theme for legislation. As no measure could become a law without the President's signature the Republican program will be to keep the matter agitated for two years in a delusive hope that a Republican president may be elected, who will help them consummate the outrage of re-imposing the McKinly law upon the people. The protected manufacturers whose long purses controlled the last Republican congress, and who were the beneficiaries under the McKinley law have opened their money bags this fall for the purpose of attempting to corrupt the ballot and buy enough votes to control the next congress. They expect, and have the promise from many Republican candidates that if they are elected they will reimburse the money spent for them by legislation which will restore the prohibitory tariff tax and again impose upon the people the tax burdens of the McKinley bill from which the Democratic congress has just released them. A vote for Davies means a vote for the restoration of the McKinley tax burden, which was higher than the war tax and which merely created revenue to be put into the pockets of the protected pets of the Republican administration.

Why Men Are Out of Employment.

This question a number of writers undertake to answer in a symposium in The Arena. Mr. Thomas E. Will finds the overproduction of the class of idle rich is a cause of the nonemployment of the rest. He finds that land monopoly is another cause. The principle is laid down that wealth production can be carried on only by direct or indirect application of labor to land. Vast bodies of land are in the hands of owners who do not till it themselves and will not let anybody else do so. This keeps a great host of people out of work. In Boston alone "two-thirds of the land of the city is held out of use."

The unequal distribution of wealth is another cause of the existence of the army of the unemployed. How this comes about is set forth by Mr. Will as follows:

Many are now awakening to the fact that the millionaire is abroad in the land, but few probably recognize as yet any connection between a Gould with his $72,000,000 and a Rockefeller with his $120,000,000 or $140,000,000 and an unemployed army. Yet the connection exists, and it is vital.

If laborers are to find a place in our industrial organization, their employment must be preceded by an effective demand for their products. Production is carried on not for those simply who want, but for those who can buy. Obviously the income of a single Gould or Rockefeller must equal the combined incomes of an army of ordinary citizens. One hundred and twenty millions of dollars at 5 per cent would yield an annual return equal to the joint earnings of 12,000 men working at the rate of $500 each per year. Estimating a family at five persons, it then appears that the income of a single family such as that of Rockefeller must equal that of a city of 60,000 inhabitants, each head of a family earning $500 per annum. If, then, production is to be carried on to its full capacity, the one favored family must possess a consumptive power equal to that of the city of 60,000. Though the power of the rich to consume and waste may be great, before such a task they may well turn pale. When, then, the rich have bought all they desire and the poor have bought all their meager incomes will command, production must stop, and the workers must be turned upon the street.

Carrier Pigeons In War.

Major Howard A. Giddings contributes some facts on this subject to Outing. The carrier pigeon service has grown to great dimensions in Europe since the Franco-Prussian war, where its utility was first tried. Major Giddings says that in France, Germany, Italy, Austria, Spain and Portugal the organization of military pigeon posts is now well advanced toward perfection. These nations have over 600,000 carrier pigeons in training. In the United States we have only paid attention to the matter in the past five years. Our principal pigeon station is at the Naval academy at Annapolis.

The chief object in training the birds is to make them useful at sea. In case of war or of the suspected presence of an enemy's cruiser on our coast these birds could be taken on board one of our war vessels and conveyed out to sea. If an enemy was sighted even at a distance of 300 miles out, the trained homing bird could be released and would reach our shores in time for the navy to prepare a hot welcome for the hostile cruiser. Still if the invention of telegraphing from vessels at sea is perfected the pigeon will not be needed. It will be as easy to telegraph from a ship to the land as between two vessels out.

The birds at our stations are trained to cover a circuit of about 240 miles from each headquarters. They can fly 30 miles an hour eight hours at a stretch.

The Engineering and Mining Journal calls attention to the neat way in which mine owners and those who have crude ore for sale are imposed on by market reports. This is particularly true of the New York market reports of the sales of lead ore. The daily papers of New York publish so called official quotations of the lead sales and the prices at which they were made. These reports are scattered throughout the mining districts of the west. The price is usually quoted at a considerable fraction lower than that actually paid. The reports are skillfully manipulated in the interest of those who buy the lead ore from the producer. They are used as the basis of prices in ore buying, and the producer consequently sells the crude metal for less than it is worth.

China is going to spend $25,000,000 to celebrate the sixtieth birthday of the dowager empress. Nothing demonstrates more forcibly what an utterly childish, unpractical nation China is. She is unfit to hold her own among the countries of the earth. At the very time she will spend this money on foolishness her army is so destitute that part of the soldiers are only armed with bows and arrows.

Li Hung Chang Loved Grant.

A deep and somewhat pathetic interest attaches to John Russell Young's character sketch of Li Hung Chang in The Review of Reviews. After his tour round the world General Grant said he had met on the journey four great men. They were Bismarck, Beaconsfield, Gambetta and Li Hung Chang, and he was not sure but Li was the greatest of the four. Gladstone Grant thought little of because he had taken the side of secession against that of the Union during our civil war. That the simple hearted, the patriotic soldier never forgave.

Young says of Li, "When I first saw him in 1879, he was in the fullness of activity, an alert, imposing personage, tall, with a soldierly bearing and the touch of a poet in his glittering eye." His soul was bound up in the advancement of China according to his own ideas. England he hated because of the opium trade. Young writes:

The viceroy's special grievance was opium. This was the curse of China. It was debasing her best people into a condition worse than slavery. It had been forced upon them so that out of its revenues England might govern India. Here was a drug—a government monopoly in India—sold at an incredible profit and yielding India an annual income of several millions of rupees. China paid more for opium than she received for silk. I spoke to him once about the increase of the poppy crop in China—fields red with the flower—and suggested that it would be well to strike the evil at home. His intention, he answered, was to encourage the growth of the home poppy until the Indian supply was driven out. Then a decree from the throne would destroy opium in China and turn every poppy field over to rice or wheat.

Li used to open telegrams for foreign residents and even for foreign ministers and their families, so as to acquaint himself with what was going on. He did this in the most innocent manner, making no secret of it to the recipients of the dispatches. He believed his prerogatives as viceroy gave this right.

General Grant had more influence with Li than anybody else. He took his advice and pondered it deeply. Li said the United States was the only nation whose selfish interests would lead her to be friendly with China. Therefore he could trust us more nearly than he could any European power. Grant and Li Hung Chang were born in the same year. The viceroy sent for the general a chair lined with yellow silk, and when the great American left Peking the viceroy moped and did no work for a day or two. The last message Grant ever sent to Li Hung Chang was to cultivate friendly relations with Japan. It seems as though Grant foresaw the end.

A Case at Law.

A lawsuit which reminds one somewhat of the celebrated Jones county calf case has been settled in Philadelphia. A woman ordered her real estate agent to sell some property and send her the money for it. Instead of doing so the agent put a mortgage on the property and raised money in that way.

Here was a plain, clear case. Horse sense would lead infallibly to the conclusion that the property owner could not be held for the mortgage because she had given no authority to the agent to place it on the estate. The owner of the mortgage sued to recover on it. There was legal eloquence not a little. The case went up from the lower court to the superior court. Months, years, were consumed in the hearing.

Lately the question has been decided The superior court has clothed in learned and lengthy law language the opinion that the agent had no right to mortgage the property when the owner had simply told him to sell. Common sense would have decided that offhand. But if common sense was allowed to rule then we should have few lawsuits.

The New York constitutional convention tried to steer a middle course on the vexed question of home rule for cities. It provided that the legislature should indeed make laws for the large cities. The laws must then be sent, however, to the municipal government of a city and by it be approved. If not returned thus approved, it cannot become law until the legislature passes it a second time.

On the state railways of Germany passengers can ride four miles for 1 cent. If our private railway corporations could only find it in their souls to put down suburban fares, their business would be increased tenfold in less than no time, the swarming, bursting tenement houses would be relieved, and rent, the poor man's curse in the cities, would have to come down.

A ROSE RHYME TO JULIET.

Heedless how it may fare with Time,
I send you here a rose of rhyme;
Its fragrance, love; its color, one
Caught from Hope's ever constant sun.
Upon each leaf a lyric writ—
Your eyes alone may witness it,
And in its heart for you to see
Another heart—the heart of me.

All roses are as fitly worn
By you as by your sister Morn,
Since you, like Morn, fail not to give
New beauty to them while they live.
If this against your bosom rest
One brief, sweet hour, its life were blest.
Then, should you chance to cast it by,
It would not find it hard to die.

So take this bloom of love and song,
And be its life or brief or long
Know that for you the petals part,
Disclosing all its lyric heart.
For you its fragrant breaths are drawn;
For you its color—love's glad dawn,
And for you, too, the heart that goes
Song prisoned in this rhyme of rose!

—Frank Dempster Sherman in Century.

RESTITUTION.

The parliamentary session had adjourned, the Hon. M. Grandcadet, deputy for the Deux-Garonnes, took the express—free, thanks to his annual pass—and hied himself to feel the pulse of public opinion in his native town.

Comfortably installed in a corner of the carriage M. Grandcadet unfolded a voluminous evening newspaper, very erudite and ministerial, and edited in a prose as heavy and depressing as virtue, the typography of which had a grave and puritanical air about it. The Panama scandal—insignificant, as every one knows, and exaggerated with so much malevolence by the enemies of the republic—was insultingly relegated to the third page and reported and printed in such small type as to be almost illegible. By contrast the columns of this austere organ were filled with foreign politics, articles of palpitating interest, which commenced in the following terms: "Matters are very serious in Venezuela," or else, "Are the days of the Tricoupis ministry counted?"

To make a good impression on the white mustached colonel, who sat opposite to him tranquilly reading La Cocarde, M. Grandcadet did not lift his eyes from the official sheet and appeared to be deeply interested in the Hellenic crisis and in the last dispatches from Carracas. But in reality M. Grandcadet was very much upset by the last turn affairs had taken, and a deep feeling of anxiety possessed him.

His name had not been mentioned yet. Good, so far. He had written nothing, signed nothing. Wonderful thoughtfulness on his part. But who could answer for what might happen later! Some of these fine mornings a compromising paper might come to light. For, between ourselves, he had handled his little boodle in an honest, honorable way among comrades, and he had not thought much about the matter. Come, I will allow my readers to pass judgment upon him. He was neutral at the last appeal for funds. A man of consideration, a rich banker, whom he met very often in his political circle, and with whom he was on very good terms—in fact, almost a friend—opened his eyes, gave him to understand how opportune—shall I say patriotic?—it was to vote favorably to the emission. This man, who knew how to live, who was a perfect gentleman, proposed to him—in most delicate terms—to associate himself with the financial operations in perspective—naturally enough, when there was a question of this great scheme—and promised him some recompense in advance—to calm his scruples—a percentage, mon Dieu, not an enormous one, a miserable check for 25,000 francs. Do not gainsay me; you would all have done the same as M. Grandcadet did. And I know what you are going to say to me, "The subscribers, what about them?" Listen to reason. In case of success they would have said nothing, for they would have made a very advantageous investment. They were merely gamblers. Would you know my way of thinking? Well, the subscribers were of no earthly account. Could Grandcadet divine that this famous canal would never be cut through? But several times before he had realized some benefits from affairs of the same kind, which had been more or less successful, and nobody had found fault with him.

Well, frankly, with his hand on his heart, he reproached himself for nothing. And I must confess it he did not believe in this burst of public indignation. That was all humbug. It was easy to recognize back of all this indignation a plot of the old parties; the hands of the Comte de Paris and the Boulangists. The president du conseil had said as much to them. Happily he had been there—he, Grandcadet—to defend the menaced republic, and at the risk of his life, if you please. To see him you would not have thought him capable of so much determination and character, with his well trimmed whiskers and his air of a country notary. But when he was in danger of being burned that was another thing. Yes, if it was necessary he would allow himself to be killed on a barricade, and like the heroic Baudin he would cry out, "Come and see how one dies for 25,000 francs."

However, in spite of all these fine reasonings the honorable deputy des Deux-Garonnes was not easy in his mind.

"Suppose I try to rest a little," he said to himself.

He drew his traveling cap over his ears, enveloped his limbs in a rug, and stretching himself on the seat was soon sound asleep.

Then he had the nightmare. Was he overtaken by remorse? For myself I think he did wrong to eat that dish of "civet" at the station buffet. He should have been mistrustful of it. Evidently hare did not agree with him.

His dreams were absurd.

At first he thought himself at home opening his safe and finding that he had been robbed; that instead of a flat pocketbook of dark green leather containing all his valuable papers there was nothing in the safe but an empty woolen stocking. Then suddenly he was transported to the chamber of deputies, but he was alone in his seat in the deserted room, which was dimly lighted by a faint twilight. All the desks were locked, all the doors closed. No trace of anything human was to be seen, but an enormous hat very high and shaped like a garden reservoir stood on the president's desk. Grandcadet gazed at it stupidly. All at once the monstrosity became convulsed and commenced to vomit an innumerable quantity of little squares of white paper, on each of which the unfortunate deputy, endowed with supernatural sight, could read the name of his opponent at the last election. But suddenly the hat collapsed like a gibbet, the top lowered, the walls contracted, and Grandcadet, overwhelmed with surprise and horror, found himself before the court of assizes between two gendarmes and recognized under the red sleeved robes and gold braided caps of the president and two assistant judges his porter, his hairdresser and his housekeeper at Paris, all three ruined by the Panama scheme. And the president rose, and in a deep voice read the following extraordinary sentence, which condemned M. Grandcadet, the ex-deputy, to gild the Eiffel tower at his own expense from top to bottom in six months' time and then to be impaled on the lightning rod of the edifice.

This was too frightful! The member of parliament awoke with a start. It was just dawn. M. Grandcadet recognized the hillsides and vines of his electoral county.

"Decidedly, 'civet' is not good for me," he thought. "It gives me very stupid dreams. But I must not give into these bad dreams. I am sure of my constituents. No Socialists among them and the only possible candidate of the Monarchists, the Marquis de la Tour-Preud-Guarde, the partisan of M. Jaime, is not to be feared. Besides no one knows the story of my 25,000 francs. Come, have courage."

A carriage stood waiting for M. le Deputy at the station. The perfect tranquillity of his native city seemed a good omen to him. On his way home the white horse painted on the signboard of the hotel, at which the Boulangists met, did not neigh at him and cry out, "Down with robbers!" or the cock on the weather vane of the church steeple sing, "Panama!" under pretense of crowing.

As soon as he reached home his servant Theresine, who had been expecting him, served his cafe au lait, and while he was thoroughly enjoying it, "M. Grandcadet," said the young peasant, with a worried air, "I have something very distressing to tell you."

"And what is it, my girl?"

"In the first place, I am about to be married."

"To Pierre, the harness maker across the street? Well, that has been decided upon for two years past. I know all about that. Is it still for next week?"

"Yes. But listen. Before I could be married it was necessary for me to go to confession and tell M. le Cure of a sin I had committed against you."

"A sin! And against me?"

"Yes, monsieur, forgive me," cried Theresine, bursting into a flood of tears. "I have stolen from you, yes, for the last two years, and I told M. le Cure, and he has ordered me to return the money which I have taken from you, and here is your money. Oh, to the last penny, I swear!"

And the unhappy girl, putting her hand in her pocket, pulled out a handful of gold and poured it on the table in front of her master.

"What is that you say? You have stolen from me!" cried M. Grandcadet, filled with astonishment and anger.

"Alas, monsieur, do not dismiss me and tell no one, I implore you. You see I was not altogether dishonest, as I have returned every sou to you."

"Well, that is all right, but leave me," replied her master impatiently.

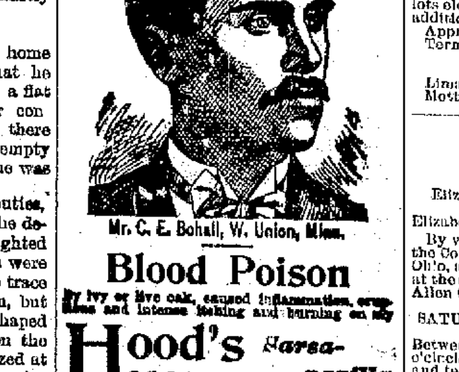
And left alone M. Grandcadet fell into a reverie. Do not for one moment imagine that he for an instant thought of making restitution of his 25,000 francs boodle. Once for all let it be understood he considered it profit acquired and legitimately acquired. No; in face of this poor girl's action, to whom the priest had recalled her forgotten catechism, it was a sociological reflection to the statesman which presented itself to M. Grandcadet's mind. He dreamed for a few moments. Then gathering up the money left by Theresine and stuffing it into his pocket—and then, would you believe it?—he, the ardent free thinker who had voted for all the anticlerical bills, murmured softly to himself: "It is a true saying. You must have a religion for the poor."—Francois Coppee.

Book Lover and Bookbinder.

It is very difficult to indicate the probable line of bibliopegic development. Only after many a vain effort and many a doubtful struggle do we ever attain the goal of our desires. Setting our faces to the future, we must let the dead past bury its dead, and we must give up the lifeless imitation of defunct styles. Greater variety is needed, greater freedom also, such as some of the other decorative arts have achieved of late years. The duty of the book lover is equal to that of the bookbinder. They must needs work together for the advance of the art. For their collaboration to be pregnant the book lover must educate himself in the possibilities and in the technical limitations of the art. Every architect will confess that he has had many a practical suggestion from his clients, and more often from the wives of his clients, and the influence of the book lover on the bookbinder can be even more beneficial.—Brander Matthews in Century.

A Luminous Jelly.

The electric light lends itself admirably to household decoration. Among other curious ways is a table decoration in which jelly is illuminated by a light shining through the mass from the center. When the dish, at first hidden by a silver cover and a mass of flowers, is suddenly uncovered, the effect is very striking.—Electricity.



Mr. C. E. Bohall, W. Union, Minn.

Blood Poison

By ivy or live oak, caused inflammation, eruptions and intense itching and burning on my [illegible] I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and do not have any poison symptoms. I have gained 12 pounds since taking Hood's. C. E. BOHALL, West Union, Minnesota.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness.

We can Collar and Cuff any man in America

and do it too in a way that he will like. Every man that wears collars and cuffs should know about the "CELLULOID" Interlined. A linen collar or cuff covered with waterproof "CELLULOID." They are the only Interlined Collars and Cuffs made.

They are the top notch of comfort, neatness and economy. They will go through the day with you in good shape, no matter how hot or how busy you get. You can clean one yourself in a minute, without dependence on busy wives, unskillful hired girls or uncertain and distant laundries. Simply wipe them off.

Every piece is marked as follows:

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

You must insist upon goods so marked and take nothing else if you expect satisfaction.

If your dealer should not have them, we will send you a sample postpaid on receipt of price. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. Give size, and specify stand-up or turned-down collar as wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY,
427-29 Broadway, NEW YORK.

The Gentle Candidate.

Grogan—It's Smoothun is goin' to git me vote. He shakes hands wid de dirty-fishtid workin' mon th' same as wid th' banker.

Hogan—Ah, he dooze, do he? Sure, an' the mon that wants the whishky in the joog is willin' to shake hands wid de handle ony toime.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Danger in Thimbles.

A case of blood poisoning at one of the Berlin hospitals was discovered to be the result of wearing a common metal thimble, with small spots of verdigris on the inside and a scratched finger. The London *Lancet*, in commenting on the case, says: "Steel thimbles are much safer, and cost very little. Another variety in common use is enameled within, and is, if possible, freer from objection." The caution is added that sewing women should never neglect cuts or scratches on the hand as long as dyes are used in the manufacture of cloth.

Your Heart's Blood

Is the most important part of your organism. Three-fourths of the complaints to which the system is subject are due to impurities in the blood. You can, therefore, realize how vital it is to

Keep It Pure

For which purpose nothing can equal S.S.S. It effectually removes all impurities, cleanses the blood thoroughly and builds up the general health.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE TO PUBLISHERS.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
LIMA, O., Oct. 18th, '94.

Sealed bids will be received at the above named office until Monday, October 29, 1894, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the publication of all municipal printing as required by law during the period of one year next ensuing.

Bids must state the price per square for said printing and must be accompanied with surety in the sum of $1,000, conditional that the bidder will enter into a contract with the city of Lima, Ohio, should the contract be so awarded.

Final bond in the sum of $1,000 will be required of the person or company to whom the contract is awarded.

By order of council,
10 18 th&f 2w C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8166.

The South Side Building and Loan Association, of Lima, O., Plaintiff, vs. Martha J. Ballard, Defendant. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen County, Ohio on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, A. D. 1894,

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on West Spring street, in Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows to-wit:

Being forty-seven (47) feet off of the east side of inlot number twelve (12) old number, now number thirteen hundred and nineteen (1319) in Mackenzie et. al. sub-division of out lots eleven (11) and (12) in Baxter and Cherry's addition of out lots to the town of Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at $2500.00.
Terms of sale, cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff,
Allen County, Ohio.
Lima, Ohio, October 1st, 1894.
Moster & Mackenzie, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 7980.

Elizabeth S. Bayley, Plaintiff; vs. Elizabeth B. Goodenow et al., Def't. } Allen Com'on Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17th, A. D. 1894,

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen County, Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

A part of inlot number one thousand and twenty (1020) described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the west line of inlot one thousand and twenty (1020) in Miller's addition to the Eureka addition to the city of Lima, in Allen county, Ohio, one hundred and thirty (130) feet north of the southwest corner of said inlot; thence north on said west line forty (40) feet; thence east parallel with the north line of said inlot one hundred and eighty-two (182) feet to the west line of that portion of said lot owned by Henry Frueh; thence south on said west line of Henry Frueh's lot forty (40) feet; thence west to the place of beginning.

Appraised at $700.00.

Also commencing at the north-west corner of inlot ten hundred and twenty (1020) in Miller's addition to the Eureka addition of the city of Lima, Ohio; thence south on the west line of said inlot seventy-five (75) feet, and eight (8) inches; thence east parallel with the north line of said inlot one hundred and thirty-seven (137) feet to a point one hundred (100) feet west of the east line of said inlot; thence north seventy-five (75) feet and eight (8) inches to the north line of said lot; thence west to the place of beginning.

Appraised at $1000.00.
Terms of sale cash.

AARON FISHER,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.
Lima, Ohio, October 15th, 1894.
MOTTER & MACKENZIE, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8031.

The South Side Banking Company, Plaintiff, vs. John H. Phillips et al., Defendant's. } Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17th, A. D., 1894,

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

The *undivided one-sixth* part of lot number twelve (12) in the subdivision of part of section six (6) town four (4) south of range seven (7) east in Allen county, Ohio; as the property of John H. Phillips.

Appraised at $200.00.

Also, inlots numbers 2567, 2570, 2571 and the south half of inlot number 2569 in Goodenow's third addition to the city of Lima, Ohio, as the property of Elizabeth B. Goodnow.

Inlot 2567 appraised at $500.00.
Inlot 2570 appraised at $350.00.
Inlot 2571 appraised at $350.00.
South ½ 2569 appraised at $200.00.
Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff.
Allen county, Ohio.
Lima, Ohio, October 11, 1894.
Hutchison, Becker & Brynn, Plaintiff's attorneys.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received by the city clerk of the city of Lima, Ohio until 12 o'clock, noon, central standard time, of Wednesday, November 7th, 1894, and opened immediately thereafter, for the construction of stone bridge abutments, at the site of the proposed bridge over Ottawa river on West street in said city. Proposals will be received on both sand stone and Piqua lime stone, or a like quality according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the city civil engineer. Each proposal must be made on forms furnished by the engineer and shall state a specific price per cubic yard, measured in the wall, for labor and material separately. All work shall be performed under the direction of the engineer and according to his instructions and the final acceptance of the city council.

Each bidder must submit with his proposal an acceptable preliminary bond, or certified check in the sum of $500 as a guarantee that he will enter into proper contract and bond for the final completion of the work, should the same be awarded to him. Should the said successful bidder fail to enter into such final contract within ten days from the award of the same to him his said preliminary bond or certified check shall then be forfeited to the said city of Lima, Ohio, as liquidated damages on account of the said failure to enter into contract.

Preliminary bonds or certified checks will be returnable to unsuccessful bidders within ten days from the award of contract.

Blank forms and specifications may be had on application to the engineer.

By order of council.

J. R. HUGHES,
President of the Council.
C. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.

Notice of Appointment.

Assignment of the Monroe Manufacturing & Lumber Company.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as trustee in trust, for the benefit of the creditors of the Monroe Manufacturing & Lumber Co., of Allen county, Ohio. All persons indebted to said assignor will make immediate payment, and creditors will present their claims, according to law, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, for allowance.

Dated this 6th day of October, A. D. 1894.
10 8 3w HERBERT L. BRICE, Trustee.

Notice of Attachment.

F. M. Lochhead, Plaintiff, vs. John McNeal, Defendant } Before J. D. Douglass, Justice of the Peace in and for Ottawa township, Allen county, O.

On the 16th day of October, A. D. 1894 said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above entitled cause for sixty-seven and 10-100 dollars ($67.10).

Lima, Ohio, October 17th, 1894.
F. M. LOCHHEAD, Plaintiff.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of William Bacher; deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of William Bacher, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 3d day of October, A. D. 1894.
10-5 3w THOMAS BURKHARDT.

GOLD EAGLE
Lager Beer

The Celebrated John Hauk and Gerke Beer always on hand in kegs and bottles. Family Beer a specialty. Also a full line of Grennaway's Pale Ale, Porter and Stout, delivered to all parts of the city.

C. GEIGER,
Telephone 1[illegible]. [illegible] North [illegible]

JAPANESE PILE CURE

C. Kendrick, South Oil City, Pa., writes:

a gentleman friend of mine, living in Buffalo, N. Y., sent me to-day a small circular of your Japanese Pile Cure. He having suffered with the Piles for thirty-one years; tried everything he heard of and got no better until he tried one box of your Japanese Pile Cure. He got relief instantaneously, four boxes curing him. Please send me a package at once and oblige.

We sell the Japanese Pile Cure at $1.00 per box. 6 for $5.00, by mail, with written guarantee to refund the money if not cured. Sample free.

Japanese Pile Ointment large box 50 cts.

W. P. Duper, Druggist, Springfield, Mass., writes: "Japanese Pile Cure has cured lady 7 years afflicted; could not walk half a mile in the last three years; now walk any distance."

H. F. Vortkamp, 140 North Main street, and Harold Cunningham, Badeau block.

OHIO SOUTHERN RAILROAD — LIMA LINE

Through Car Line Between Lima and Southeastern Ohio.

4 Ex. Sun.	2 Ex. Sun.	In Effect May 27, 1894.	1 Ex. Sun.	3 Ex. Sun.
P. M.	A. M.	Lv. Ar.	P. M.	P. M.
3:35	8:00	......Lima......	12:30	9:05
3:58	8:24	......Uniopolis......	12:03	8:43
4:00	8:33	......St. Johns......	11:54	8:33
4:25	8:53	...Jackson Center...	11:34	8:13
4:49	9:19	......Quincy......	11:08	7:48
5:17	9:47	......St. Paris......	10:40	7:18
5:20	10:53	Ar...Springfield...Lv.	9:35	6:10
5:27	11:00	Lv...Springfield...Ar.	9:25	6:02
5:57	11:31	...So. Charleston...	8:56	5:34
7:08	11:44	......So. Solon......	8:43	5:22
7:21	11:59	...Jeffersonville...	8:29	5:00
7:47	12:26	...Washington C. H....	8:05	4:46
8:14	12:56	......Island Grove......	7:35	4:17
8:16	12:59	......Greenfield......	7:34	4:16
8:19	1:02	......Thrifton......	7:31	4:13
8:43	1:25	......Bainbridge......	7:10	3:51
9:45	2:41	......Waverley......	6:09	3:47
9:48	2:47	......Glen Jean......	6:06	2:44
10:45	3:41	Ar....Jackson....Lv	5:10	1:50
A. M.			A. M.	
5:00	3:41	Lv....Jackson....Ar	6:16	8:35
5:23	3:56	......Coalton......	4:53	8:19
5:46	4:16	Ar....Wellston....Lv	4:30	8:00
A. M.	P. M.		P. M.	P. M.

Trains will leave Springfield each Sunday at 7:40 a m and run to Bainbridge; returning leave Bainbridge at 4 p m.

Train No 1 makes direct connection at Springfield for all points east and west, at St. Paris with Pennsylvania lines east and west, at Quincy with Big Four route. Connection at Lima with C H & D arriving at Toledo at 4 00 p m, Detroit 6 [illegible]; with C & E and Pennsylvania lines, arriving in Chicago at 7 55 p m. Thus making several hours' shorter time between central and southeastern Ohio and Chicago and the northwest.

Train 2—through mail and express between Lima and southeastern Ohio.

Train 3 makes quick time between southeastern Ohio and all points north and north west; arrives Chicago [illegible] a m.

Train number 4 will save you several hours time between Lima, Springfield and Parkersburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York and southeastern points.

For any information call on Ohio Southern agents or write.

F E FISHER, Gen. Pass. Agt.,
[illegible]

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry.
Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.		9 AM	15 PM	3 PM	39 AM	35 PM
Pittsb'gh	lv	*6 45	*6 00	†1 15		
Alliance	ar	9 40	8 30	4 00		
Canton	lv	10 13	9 04	5 28		
Massillon	"	10 31	9 15	5 42		
Wooster	"	11 15	10 [illegible]	[illegible]		
Mansfield	"	12 25	11 [illegible]			
Crestline	ar	12 [illegible]				
Crestline	lv	1 [illegible]			†6 30	†5 00
Robinson	"				6 42	5 12
Bucyrus	"	1 1[illegible]			6 56	5 25
Nevada	"	.....			7 15	5 41
U.Sandusky	"	.....	12 34		7 36	5 57
Kirby	"	.....	.....		7 51	6 12
Forest	"	.....	.....		8 00	6 22
Dunkirk	"	.....	.....		8 13	6 35
Washingt'n	"	.....	.....		8 25	6 40
Ada	"	.....	.....		8 51	6 53
Lafayette	"	.....	.....		9 05	7 05
Lima	"	2 50	1 45		9 20	7 20
Elida	"	.....	.....		9 35	7 32
Delphos	"	3 14	.....		9 50	7 50
Middlepoint	"	.....	.....		10 03	8 01
Van Wert	"	3 34	2 29		10 17	8 15
Convoy	"	.....	.....		10 33	8 31
Dixon	"	.....	.....		10 45	8 40
Monroeville	"	.....	.....		10 51	8 51
Maples	"	.....	.....		11 01	9 03
Adams	"	.....	.....		11 05	9 12
Ft. Wayne	ar	4 25	3 20		12 [illegible]	9 25
Warsaw	"	5 34	4 35		1 03	PM
Plymouth	"	6 05	5 12		1 55	
Valparaiso	"	7 21	6 20		3 10	
Chicago	ar	9 00	8 00		5 00	
		PM	AM		PM	

Eastward.		20 AM	8 PM	4 PM	6 PM
Chicago	lv	†7 30	*3 15	*11 30	*11 [illegible]
Valparaiso	"	9 10	4 47	1 35	1 35
Plymouth	"	10 29	6 05	2 18	2 19
Warsaw	"	11 20	6 41	3 55	3 56
Ft. Wayne	"	12 55	8 05	5 2[illegible]	5 2[illegible]
Adams	"	1 07	.....		
Maples	"	1 15			
Monroeville	"	1 25	8 32	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dixon	"	1 35	.....		
Convoy	"	1 46		[illegible]	
Van Wert	"	2 02	9 10	[illegible]	
Middlepoint	"	2 17		[illegible]	
Delphos	"	2 29	9 22	[illegible]	
Elida	"	2 44			
Lima	"	3 00	9 45	[illegible]	
Lafayette	"	3 17			
Ada	"	3 30		[illegible]	
Washingt'n	"	3 45			
Dunkirk	"	3 52		[illegible]	
Forest	"	4 06	10 25	[illegible]	
Kirby	"	4 17			
U.Sandusky	"	4 32	10 54	[illegible]	
Nevada	"	4 51			
Bucyrus	"	5 1[illegible]	11 25	[illegible]	
Robinson	"	5 32			
Crestline	ar	5 5[illegible]	11 [illegible]		
Crestline	lv	6 10	[illegible]		
Mansfield	"	[illegible]	[illegible]		
Wooster	"	8 0[illegible]	2 [illegible]		
Massillon	"	9 [illegible]	[illegible]		
Canton	"	9 2[illegible]	3 [illegible]		
Alliance	ar	10 0[illegible]	[illegible]		
Pittsb'gh	ar	1 15	[illegible]		

Nos. 4 and 8, Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 3[illegible] Pullman Sleeping Cars to Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Type denotes time from 12 00 midnight to 12 00 noon. No. [illegible] Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars [illegible] Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, [illegible]. Type denotes time from 12 00 noon to 12 00 midnight; Light faced [illegible]

*Daily. †Except Sunday. [illegible] Stop. ‖Meals.

JOSEPH WOOD, [illegible]
General Manager. [illegible]

[illegible] PITTSBURGH [illegible]

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks [illegible] and further information regarding the running [illegible] apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

[illegible] Ticket Agent: Lima.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON R.R.
CH&D
CINCINNATI
INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

C., H. & D.

SOUTH BOUND.

	ARRIVE	LEAVE
11, daily	2:45 a. m	2:52 a. m
[illegible] ex. Sunday	3:35 a. m.	3:40 a. m
" "	1:16 p. m	1:25 p. m
" 8 "	5:50 p. m	6:10 p. m
" 10, " ex. Sunday	3:15 p. m	
" 60 Sunday only	7:35 a. m.	7:40 a. m
" 62 Sunday only	10:30 p. m.	
14, daily ex. Sunday		7:19 a. m

NORTH BOUND.

	ARRIVE	LEAVE
No. 1, daily ex. Sunday		5:45 a. m
" [illegible] "	9:10 a. m.	9:30 a. m
" [illegible] "	12:25 a. m.	12:45 p. m
" [illegible] "	6:35 p. m.	5:55 p. m
" [illegible] "	2:25 p. m.	2:30 a. m
" 13, " ex. Sunday	8:30 p. m.	
" 61, Sunday only..		7:25 a. m

Train No. 413 leaves Toledo at 6:00 p. m.; arrives at Findlay at 9:05 p. m.

Train No. 498 leaves Findlay at 6:30 p. m.; arrives at Toledo at 8:40 p. m.

No. 9 makes connection for Chicago.

No. 11 will make connections for Chicago, St. Louis and points west and south.

No 14 will reach Toledo in time for all boats, and make connections for Cleveland Buffalo, Detroit, and points east.

The C., H. & D. will sell tickets on Sunday to all stations at one fare for round trip.

Corrected time table effective July 22, 1894.
H. I. McGUIRE Ticket Agent.

L. E. & W.

SOLID TRAINS BETWEEN
Sandusky and Peoria, and Indianapolis and Michigan City.
Direct communications to and from all points of the United States and Canada.

EAST BOUND FROM LIMA.

No. 6† Sandusky acc.	leaves	7:20 a. m
" 4† Fast mail,	"	1:50 p. m
" 8* " express	"	7:35 p. m
" 128† Minster accommodation, stops at Lima	....	3 10 p m

WEST BOUND FROM LIMA.

No. 1* Fast mail,	leaves	9:40 a. m
" 3† " express	....	9:30 a. m
" 5† Sandusky acc., arrives	....	4:45 p. m
" 129† Minster acc., leaves	....	5:50 p. m
Sunday Lake Special, stops at Lima		9 30 p m

†Daily except Sunday. *Daily.

No. 1 arrives at Bloomington at 9:36 p. m., making direct connection with C. & A. last train, arriving at Kansas City at 6:20 next morning.

No. 3 makes direct connections for all points via C., B. & Q. R. R.; only one daylight change to Kansas City, Omaha, Lincoln, Neb., or Denver.

No. 9, connections, Lima, Fostoria, Fremont and Sandusky, and No. 4, at Lima and Fostoria, with through trains to all east-bound points.

Free Reclining Chair Cars on Nos. 1 and 2 for all passengers.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 make connections at Tipton with the I. & M. C. division for all points North and South.

For tickets, rates, and general information call on J. C. BURCH, Ticket Agent L. E. & W. Ry.

Or address,
H. C. PARKER, Traffic Manager.
C. F. DALY Gen. Pass. Agt Indianapolis Ind

ERIE LINES.

Chicago & Erie Railroad.

Time card in effect Dec. 10, '93. From Lima, O.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 5	Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago	1:12 p. m
" 9	Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago	12:15 p. m
" 1	Express, daily, except Sunday for Chicago	9:10 a. m
" 31	local daily, except Sunday	7:00 a. m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 3,	Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston	9:1 p. m
" 8,	Express daily, except Sunday	3:30 p. m
" 12,	Express daily, for New York	2:52 a. m
" 33,	local daily, except Sunday	7:00 a. m

Trains No. 1 and 2 stop at all stations on O & E. division.

Train No. 13 carries through sleeping cars to Columbus, Circleville, Chillicothe, Waverly, Portsmouth, Ironton and Kenova, via Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo, and Norfolk & Western lines.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. G. MACEDWARD, [illegible] Pass. Agt.,
Huntington, Ind.

Willimantic Star ★ Thread
Is acknowledged by the [illegible] to be the best thread for sewing machine [illegible]
Ask your dealer [illegible]
Send 24 cents, and [illegible] number, together with [illegible] wound, and a handsome [illegible] Be sure and mention the [illegible]
WILLIMANTIC THREAD [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN

I have money to loan [illegible] farm property at 6 per [illegible]

Privilege given to pay principal [illegible] payments if desired. Those [illegible] to borrow money will do well [illegible] on me.

T. K. W[illegible]

Room 26 Opera block.
3-14-6m (Take [illegible]

LOCAL TIME [illegible]

Standard T[illegible]

C. H. & D. [illegible]

[illegible]

Outdoor E[illegible]

A bright woman [illegible] other day: "Exercise [illegible] edy for that foe to [illegible] it makes good muscle [illegible] while it banishes fa[illegible] no health of the mu[illegible] use of the muscles, [illegible] cal culture exercises [illegible] to bring into use a[illegible] muscles of the body [illegible] to those who lead i[illegible] are few who are e[illegible] work who would no[illegible] them. Mental inf[illegible] receive great consid[illegible] grow young instead [illegible] tal health is the pr[illegible] sical health. The [illegible] ble without the for[illegible]

An Ohio Mo[illegible]

MANSFIELD, O. [illegible] "I have used Dr[illegible] Lotion for two yea[illegible] lief to my child[illegible] teeth. My child [illegible] lotion applied a [illegible] actually cry for it[illegible] Dr. Hand's Colic C[illegible] Cough and Croup [illegible] recommend them [illegible] Mrs. M. A. Hid[illegible] Remedies for chil[illegible] druggists for 25c.

Jno P. Ha[illegible]
E. Ash[illegible]

Once a [illegible]

The stamp plat[illegible] foundation is an [illegible] pie plate, but wh[illegible] one would never s[illegible] origin. Patty pa[illegible] pie crust is the fi[illegible] formation. Afte[illegible] arranged on the [illegible] pieces of bright [illegible] tile are placed be[illegible] must be done bef[illegible] comes hardened. [illegible] is gilded. Each [illegible] has the effect of [illegible] It is well to have [illegible] china for the cen[illegible] when completed [illegible] than a quarter.

"I would rath[illegible] cine than any[illegible] says Mrs. Hattie [illegible] Carter Co., M[illegible] Chamberlain's [illegible] Diarrhoea Rem[illegible] Melville, druggi[illegible] ing.

Nerve[illegible]

Many deeper [illegible] disease pronou[illegible] been cured by [illegible] Cure. Many [illegible] F. Vortkamp.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Making Thread

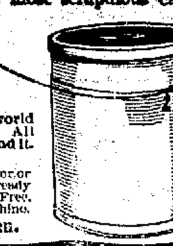
is one of the oldest occupations of the race. Thread perfection was never reached until the introduction of Willimantic Six Cord Spool Cotton. From the cotton plant this thread is brought to the highest point of perfection by the greatest skill, the latest improved machinery, and the most scrupulous care.

Willimantic Star ★ Thread

is acknowledged by the competent judges of the world to be the best thread for machine and hand sewing. All sewing machine manufacturers use and recommend it. Ask your dealer for it.

Send 24 cents, and receive six spools of thread, any color or number, together with four bobbins for your machine, ready wound; and a handsome book about thread and sewing, Free. Be sure and mention the name and number of your machine.

WILLIMANTIC THREAD CO., Willimantic, Conn.



MONEY TO LOAN.

I have money to loan on city and farm property at 6 per cent. interest. Privilege given to pay principal in payments if desired. Those wishin to borrow money will do well to ca on me.

T. K. WILKINS,

Room 26 Opera block. Lima, Ohi
2-14-6m (Take elevator)

LOCAL TIME CARDS

Standard Time.

O. H. & D.

NORTH BOUND.

Train No.	Arrive.	Leave.
14		5:10 a. m
12	2:45 a. m.	2:50 a. m
2	8:35 a. m.	8:40 a. m
6	1:15 p. m.	1:35 p. m
8	5:50 p. m.	6:10 p. m
10 Stop Lima	9:15 p. m.	
20 Sunday only	7:35 a. m.	7:40 a.m
62 Sunday only	10:30 p. m.	

SOUTH BOUND.

Train No.	Arrive.	Leave.
		5:45 a. m
1	9:10 a. m.	9:20 a. m
	12:25 a. m.	12:45 p. m
	6:35 p. m.	6:55 p. m
	3:30 a. m.	3:30 a. m
61 Sunday only		25 a. m
31 Stop at Lima	8:36 p. m	

L. E. & W.

WEST BOUND.

	Arrive.	Leave.
1 Mail	9:25 a. m.	9:40 a. m
3 Express	2:05 a. m.	2:30 a. m
5 Accommodation	4:45 p. m.	
Minster accom'dn		7:30 p. m
Sunday Lake Special		9:30 p. m

EAST BOUND.

	Arrive.	Leave.
6 Accommodation	7:25 a. m.	
4 Mail	1:30 p. m.	1:50 p. m
2 Express	7:20 p. m.	7:35 p. m
12 Minster accom	3:10 p. m.	

Sunday "Lake Special" train via L E & W Ry, due to leave Lima at 7 a m, has been discontinued

P., Ft. W. & C.

EAST BOUND.

	7:30 a. m
	9:30 a. m
	9:45 p. m
	3:00 p. m
Local freight	6:35 a. m

WEST BOUND.

	9:20 a. m
	3:50 p. m
	7:30 p. m
	1:45 a. m
Local freight	7:35 a. m

C. & E.

WEST BOUND.

Vestibule Limited, daily for Chicago and the West	1:12 p. m
Pacific Express, daily for Chicago and the West	12:15 p. m
Express, daily except Sunday for Chicago and the West	9:10 a. m
	7:00 a. m

EAST BOUND.

Vestibule Limited	9:15 p. m
Express	3:30 a. m
Accommodation	2:52 p. m
	7:00 a. m

O. S.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 1 arr.	12:30 p. m
" 3 "	9:05 p. m

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 2 lve.	8:00 a. m
" 4 "	3:45 p. m

Outdoor Exercise.

A bright woman doctor said the other day: "Exercise is the best remedy for that foe to age, corpulency; it makes good muscle and firm flesh, while it banishes fat. There can be no health of the muscle without the use of the muscles, and while physical culture exercises, so arranged as to bring into use all the voluntary muscles of the body are indispensable to those who lead inactive lives, there are few who are engaged in active work who would not be benefited by them. Mental influences also must receive great consideration would you grow young instead of old, for mental health is the prime factor in physical health. The latter is not possible without the former.

An Ohio Mother's Letter.

MANSFIELD, O., March 13, 1893.

"I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion for two years and it gives relief to my children when cutting teeth. My child after having the lotion applied a few times would actually cry for it. I have also used Dr. Hand's Colic Cure and Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine and can recommend them to all mothers."—Mrs. M. A. Bidenow. Dr. Hand's Remedies for children are sold by all druggists for 25c.

Jno P. Harley, D. Cramer and E. Ashton.

Once a Pie Plate.

The stamp plate has a rival. Its foundation is an ordinary five-cent pie plate, but when it is decorated one would never suspect its plebeian origin. Putty put on the plate like pie crust is the first step in its transformation. After the putty has been arranged on the plate in little ridges, pieces of bright crockery or colored tile are placed between them. This must be done before the putty becomes hardened. After it is thoroughly hard—in about two weeks—it is gilded. Each piece of china then has the effect of being framed in gilt. It is well to have some striking bit of china for the center piece. The plate when completed need not cost more than a quarter.

"I would rather trust that medicine than any doctor I know of," says Mrs. Hattie Mason, of Chilton, Carter Co., Mo., in speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by Melville, druggist, post office building.

Never Say Die.

Many desperate cases of kidney disease pronounced incurable have been cured by the Clinic Kidney Cure. Many physicians use it. H. F. Vortkamp.

FREDERICK TESTER DEAD.

An Old and Respected Citizen of German Township Dies.

Frederick Tester, an old and respected citizen of German township, died from Bright's disease, at his home in Elida, Wednesday night at 10 o'clock. Deceased was born in Hocking county, September 19, 1825, and at the time of his demise was aged 69 years 1 month and 4 days When a mere lad he moved with his parents to German township, in which he continued to reside until death On the 20th of May, 1849, he was married to Miss Sarah Jane Umstead, who still survives him. The ceremony was performed by the late Charles Crites, a Justice of the Peace.

The deceased leaves four daughters, viz: Mrs. J. H. Cremean, Mrs. John East, Mrs. M. A. Smith and Mrs. Geo. W. Little. He also leaves four brothers and three sisters, viz: George, of Napoleon, O.; Jacob, of Indiana; William, of Cecil. O.; Mrs. Samuel Shope, of Wetzel; Samuel, Mrs. Elizabeth Shope and Mrs. Mary A. Thrush, of Mercer county, O.

On the 11th of August, 1862, the deceased enlisted in Co. G, O. V. I., under the late Captain George W. Overmyer. He was mustered out with the company on the 13th of July, 1865. He participated in many hard-fought battles, as he did also in Sherman's celebrated march to the sea.

The funeral obsequies will be held Sunday, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Liberal U. B. church, where he has for many years held an exemplary membership. The remains will be interred in Greenlawn cemetery.

The only way to cure catarrh is to purify the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and tones up the whole system.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

AT CAMELBACK SCHOOL HOUSE,

Monroe township, Friday evening, Oct. 26. Speakers, Wm. Rusler, J. F. Lindemann and D. E. Baxter, Jr.

AT KEMPTON.

Saturday evening, Oct. 27. Speakers, Judge T. D. Robb and Howard Williamson.

AT ELIDA.

Saturday evening, Oct. 27. Speakers, I. S. Motter and M. A. Hoagland.

AT SPENCERVILLE.

Saturday evening, Oct. 27. Speakers, W. B. Richie, John F. Lindemann and William Rusler.

His One Failing.

"Oh, I was so glad to hear of your marriage!" said the friend who had not seen her for years. "I do hope you got a nice man with no bad habits."

"He has only one," said the youngish woman. "The mother habit."

"The mother habit?"

"Yes. Mother's coffee, mother's pies, and all that sort of thing. I don't believe I can ever break him of it, either."

He Has Noticed

"I has noticed in my time," says Uncle Mose, "dat de man wat ain't got no enemy but hisself is gin'ly a-payin' intrust on borrerd money to some man wat ain,t got no friend but hisself."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

What the People Say.

"I couldn't keep store without Foley's Honey and tar."

E. D. WHIPPLE, Lostant, Ills.

"Must say your Honey and Tar is the only remedy for coughs and colds."

JOSEPH DEAL, Gun Marsh, Mich.

"Ship at once—can t sell any other cough medicine."

H. W. ELLIS, Montrose, Wis.

"Your Honey and Tar saves me doctor bills every winter."

L. A. TOWNER, Manteno, Ill.

H. F. Vortkamp.

An artist being asked, "Is sculpture difficult?" answered: "Why, bless you, no! You have only to take a block of marble and a chisel and knock off all the marble you don't want."

Love and Marriage.

Yet, depend upon it, as you grow older you will see more and more instances and proofs of the reality and the depth of the love of husbands and wives for each other in the most ordinary, commonplace couples. I have heard of marriages where love has died out from some canker of selfishness or worldliness at its heart, but I have oftener seen unexpected proofs of a love stronger than death in all sorts of people in whom I had never before discovered any signs of sentiment or romance.—Sir Edward Strachey

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BRILLIANT WEDDING

Was That of Mr. W. K. VanDeGrift and Miss Thompson at Sidney.

At the home of the bride's parents on North Main avenue last evening, says the Sidney *News* of yesterday, occurred the marriage of two of Sidneys best known society young people; Miss Margaret Thompson, the popular and accomplished second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Thompson, and W. K. VanDeGrift, for many years the well known manager of the Peoples' photograph gallery of this place, but now in charge of a Lima gallery. The Thompson home, in honor of the occasion, had been most beautifully decorated in autumn leaves and flowers, carnations and chrysanthemums prevailing. The living room in which the ceremony took place, being a perfect paradise of beauty with its bank of leaves, flowers, palms and hot house plants. From the mantel to the gasalier was hung a bower made from white satin ribbon and smilax, while from the gasalier hung that emblem of good luck, a horse shoe found by the bride but a few days before the wedding. Beneath this bower it was that the ceremony took place. Shortly before the hour set the ushers, Harry VanDeGrift, brother of the groom, Ed Laughlin, Frank Cummins, C. B. DeWeese, Ed Duncan and Fletcher Roberts, with white satin ribbons, formed the aisle. Through this the bridal party entered to the strains of Lohengrin wedding march, played by Rocco Satillo, of Dayton, the bride being attended by her sister Mary and Master Hugh Beebe. Mary was becomingly dressed in a costume of pink silk and carried an immense bouquet of pink carnations, while Hugh looked becomingly in a little Lord Fauntleroy suit of black velvet and white lace. Following them came the bride and groom, the bride leaning upon the arm of the groom. An unusually pretty bride was Miss Thompson, dressed in a white ivory satin with long train and high neck, enveloped in a veil of white tulle fastened to her head by roses. Beneath the bower, promptly at the hour of five, the ring ceremony being used, the words were said which made two fond hearts beat as one, Rev. McCaslin officiating.

After the ceremony a four-course supper was served at the home of Mrs. William Carothers, adjoining. Here the bride's table was most enchanting in its decorations of green and white. The music continued throughout the supper hour. After supper dancing begun, the happy couple leading in the dance. Shortly after 8 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. VanDeGrift took their departure. The entire party accompanied them to the train. There, amid the showers of rice, old shoes and white ribbon, the happy pair seated themselves in a seat which had been decorated with white ribbon and were hurried to their new home at Lima. The wedding party then returned to the Thompson home where dancing and merrymaking were indulged in until a late hour.

Those from a distance on attendance were: Mr. and Mrs. George Yager and son Edward, of Piqua; Walter Yager, of Fostoria; Mrs. Susan Reese, of Dayton; Mrs. Jacob May, of Cincinnati; Mrs. Lydia, of Perrysburg; Mrs. Sue Deane, of Owensburg, Kentucky; Miss Grace White, of Ft. Wayne, Indiana; Miss Lena Donaldson, of Urbana; Dick Ramseyer and Clyde Brotherton, of Lima, and James Mathers, of Cleveland.

Heart disease, palpitation, pain in side, short breath, oppression, asthma, swollen ankles are cured by Dr. Mile's New Heart Cure. A new discovery by the eminent Indiana Specialist. Fine illustrated treatise free at Melville's Drug Store, or address The Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind. 5

MOTIVE POWER IN A STORM.

Greater Than the Combined Horsepower of Every Description In the World.

A noted French scientist, H. Mohn, made a careful estimate of the energy expended in the passage of a notable West India cyclone, which lasted three days and nights, and the conclusion reached was that the force developed was fully equal to 473,000,000 horsepower, or at least 15 times the power that is produced in the same space of time by all the windmills, turbines, steam engines and all the men and animals on the surface of the globe. "Whence comes this latent force?" he asks, and the answer is, From the latent heat of vapor which rises in the center of the hurricane and is there condensed.

Applying this method of computation to mid-continent cyclonic movements with which the people of this region are familiar, some most astonishing results will be reached. Suppose, for illustration, a storm is developed of sufficient extent and force to yield to the state of Iowa an average of one inch of rainfall. To produce this the area covered by the "blow" in its movement across the valley must be from three to five times the extent of the area of precipitation, for it should be known that to obtain even a moderate amount of moisture you must milk a wide expanse of sky. On the average the area of rainfall in this portion of the continent does not exceed one-fifth of the territory covered by the cyclone. All parts of this area feel the effects of the passing storm, but only a fraction thereof receives benefit of the rainfall. There is a vast sweep in the circulation of winds employed in the work of wringing out a purely local shower. And the sum total of energy employed in the production of rainfall to the extent herein described would be more than equal to the motive power required to operate all the machinery of the world for an equal length of time.—Midland Monthly.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

DO not be deceived.

The following brands of White Lead are still made by the "Old Dutch" process of slow corrosion. They are standard, and always

Strictly Pure White Lead

The recommendation of "Anchor," "Eckstein," "Beymer-Bauman," "Armstrong & McKelvy," "Davis-Chambers," "Fahnestock," "Morley," to you by your merchant is an evidence of his reliability, as he can sell you cheap ready-mixed paints and bogus White Lead and make a larger profit. Many short-sighted dealers do so.

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, a one-pound can to a 25-pound keg of Lead and mix your own paints. Saves time and annoyance in matching shades, and insures the best paint that it is possible to put on wood.

Send us a postal card and get our book on paints and color-card, free; it will probably save you a good many dollars.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.
Cincinnati Branch,
Seventh and Freeman Avenue, Cincinnati.

THE BREATH OF THE FURZE.

The breath of the furze came over the hill
On a moonlit night when the wind was still,
From the tall keen spires of the golden town
That spring has built on the seaward down—
Thorn and blossom, all dimly seen
In a maze of gold and a mist of green—
Was issued forth for the world's delight
A fragrant message across the night.

The breath of the furze came down to the sea,
With the blackbird's voice from the hazel tree;
Sweet as nectarine, warm as peach,
Blent with the salt of the wave wet beach,
Through the morning glory it strove in vain
To make its marvelous meaning plain,
For the world was reeling with sound and scent
And glow of the mid-May firmament.

The breath of the furze came over the heath
From the gold above and the gold beneath.
It floated down through the primrose dell
Where the chaffinch builds and the ring doves dwell.
Wandering waters with welcome chime
Hailed it softly from time to time,
And the nightingale, when the dark drew nigh,
Wove it into his minstrelsy.

The breath of the furze like a dream stole in
To the city's hearth through the drought and din.
With a sudden wonder a woman stopped
Where a yellow bough in the dust was dropped.
And all in a moment the tears arise
In healing streams to her dull, hard eyes,
And the spark of life that a dead soul keeps
Is newly kindled in somber deeps.

"I will arise now and go once more
To the cottage gate by the brown seashore,
Where the brooklet spray to the foam descends
Over the cliff where the furze brake ends.
Perhaps the cowslips are blooming now
Where the whitethroat sings on the white thorn bough.
Perhaps my mother is waiting still
Where the breath of the furze comes over the hill."

—M. C. Gillington in Spectator.

Baby's Testimony.

Here is a rather pretty story that is vouched for by a London journal, showing how a small baby once got his mother into very serious difficulties and then made amends by getting her out again. It seems that a poor seamstress with a child in her arms was tried for the theft of three gold coins. She said in defense: "I went to my employer's house on business. I carried my child with me. It was in my arms as it is now. I was not paying attention to it. There were several gold coins on the mantelpiece, and unknown to me it stretched out its little hand and seized three pieces, which I did not observe until I got home. I at once put on my bonnet and was going back to my employer to return them when I was arrested. This is the solemn truth, as I hope for heaven's mercy."

The court could not believe this story. They upbraided the mother for endeavoring to palm off such a falsehood for the truth. But she so pertinaciously asserted her innocence that a novel experiment was made in her favor. One of the officials proposed to renew the scene described by the mother. The gold coins were placed on the clerk's table. The mother was requested to resume the position in which she stood at her employer's house. There was then a breathless pause in court. The baby soon discovered the bright coins, eyed them for a moment, smiled and then clutched them in its fingers with a miser's eagerness. The mother was at once acquitted.

Napoleon's Arithmetic.

Napoleon used to make mistakes in figures, absolute and positive as arithmetic has to be. He could have worked out the most complicated mathematical problems, and yet he could rarely total up a sum correctly. It is fair to add that these errors were not always made without intention. For example, in calculating the number of men who were to make up his battalions, regiments or divisions, he always used to increase the sum total. One can hardly believe that in doing so he wanted to deceive himself, but he often thought it useful to exaggerate the strength of his armies. It was no use pointing out any mistake of this kind. He refused to admit it and obstinately maintained his voluntary arithmetical error.—Memoirs Baron de Meneval.

Remarkable.

Baggs—I have just been reading a remarkable story of old age. Amos Johnson was 100 years old last week, and——

Jaggs—Oh, yes, I know. He can walk five miles before breakfast and read the finest print without glasses.

"Not at all. He is so feeble that he can't move and is blind and deaf. As food has to be administered to him hypodermically, every one wonders that he has not died long ago."—New York Tribune.

The manuscript books of the ninth, tenth and eleventh centuries seem to be all written by the same hand. This was due to the influence of Charlemagne, who selected a particular style of handwriting, adopted it and ordered every scribe to write after that as a copy.

DISPERSED BY SAUERKRAUT.

The Peculiar Cause of All the Children Quitting the Old Home.

They were talking about the desertion of farms by the younger generations for the alluring charms of the cities; how young men and women left the home nest in the country as soon as they felt any confidence in themselves and flocked to the paved streets and brick walls of urban life in the hope that work would not be so hard and money would come easier. "Our family furnishes a case in point," said a young German. "We're all in the city now except the old folks, who stick to the farm, and are doing pretty well. Our reasons for abandoning the farm, however, were not those usually given, and I doubt if a parallel case can be found." Then he told his story:

With two brothers and three sisters he lived on a farm 100 miles from Chicago, and they all aided a phlegmatic old father in operating the place. It was a fine piece of land, and the family was happy and prosperous. But dark disaster came one day in the shape of a cabbage crop. The Chicago market showed a strong demand for sauerkraut, and the farmer decided to go in for a profitable crop. With the two boys he planted several acres in cabbage, with excellent results. The crop was cut up and packed, and there were 350 barrels of the finest sauerkraut made.

Communicating with a friend in the grocery business on the North Side, the farmer received an order for 10 barrels. A few days later the grocer announced that the best he could offer was 85 cents a barrel, the top market price. The old man couldn't stand such a drop as that, so he had the shipment returned, paying freight charges both ways. Purchasing 40 fine pigs, he began fattening them on his high grade sauerkraut. All went well for a few days, but the porkers soon tired of the diet and began to run from it. The pile grew high, and a few of the strongest pigs jumped the fence and ran away, while others sickened and grew weak from starvation.

It was a puzzler for the old man, but he was determined to derive some benefit, and the boys lugged the stuff up to the orchard near the house, where it was spread about as a fertilizer. By this time the entire family grew turbulent at the mere mention of sauerkraut, and when the sun poured its hot rays on the pickled cabbage the girls rebelled. The farmer was obdurate, and the three girls packed their effects and came to the city. The kraut became so powerful that even the old man could not stand it, and the boys were instructed to cart it down to a distant field and spread it. The boys had been on the verge of mutiny several times, and this settled it. They all "lit out" for Chicago and have been here ever since. The girls are in service, and once in a great while they all meet with the lonely and disappointed old Teuton on the farm. When it was all over, the Chicago sauerkraut market went booming again.—Chicago Tribune.

Easily Satisfied.

Eight-year-old Fred was the youngest member of a large family, and, unlike many boys of that age, was accustomed to regard himself as a person of little importance.

At the table he ate what was given him with a thankful heart and a vigorous appetite. He was not consulted as to his personal likes or dislikes as far as food was concerned.

Naturally enough, therefore, his ideas were much confused when, on the occasion of his first dining out at the home of one of his schoolboy friends, he was asked whether he would like his slice of beef rare or well done.

"Why—I—think," stammered Fred bashfully, and then with his usual bright smile he said:

"It doesn't make any difference, Mrs. Brown. Any old thing will do nicely for me!"—Youth's Companion.

Thackeray's Pantomime.

William Makepeace Thackeray was always too genial, too generous, too open handed, to be an accumulator of this world's goods, and in spite of the large earnings of his pen he died a poor man.

Shortly before his death his friend, John Leech, the cartoonist, called upon him and found him in his study writing—writing and sighing at the monotony of his work.

"Why don't you have a holiday," said Leech, "and take your girls to the seaside?"

The great novelist made no verbal answer, but, rising slowly, plunged his hands to the very bottom of his pockets, brought these receptacles out, shook them vigorously without eliciting a rattle of coin, replaced them and then resumed his seat.—Munsey's Magazine.

Prices of Slaves In Ancient Rome.

Here are a few of the prices paid for slaves in the palmy day of the Roman empire. As a general thing a laborer could be bought for £16 of our money, but after a province had been conquered or a great victory won hundreds would sometimes be bought for £1 and £2 each. After the siege of Jerusalem by Titus the price of slaves fell to 16 shillings. Skilled laborers and artisans brought more. A gardener was worth about £60, a blacksmith £140, a good cook often brought £500, an actor or actress £1,000 and a physician £2,000.—London Standard.

A Fin De Siecle Beggar.

Lady—Here you have a good linen shirt and a pair of boots, and in the kitchen they will give you a bit of roast beef.

Beggar—I am very sorry I cannot avail myself of your kindness. I am a disciple of Jaeger and wear only woolen garments; a follower of Kneipp, and therefore go without shoes and stockings; a vegetarian, and never touch meat.—Mannheimer Volksblatt.

PENGUINS FEEDING.

The Transformation That Takes Place When They Enter the Water.

The appearance of the keeper, with his pail of live gudgeon, is the signal for sudden and intense excitement in the cages. The penguins wave their little flippers and waddle to the door, whence they peer eagerly down the wooden steps leading to the pool. The cormorant croaks and sways from side to side, and the darters poise their snaky heads and spread their batlike wings. At the water's edge the penguins do not launch themselves upon the surface like other waterfowl, but instantly plunge beneath.

Once below water an astonishing change takes place. The slow, ungainly bird is transferred into a swift and brilliant creature, beaded with globules of quicksilver, where the air clings to the close feathers, and flying through the clear and waveless depths with arrowy speed and powers of turning far greater than in any known form of aerial flight. The rapid and steady strokes of the wings are exactly similar to those of the air birds, while its feet float straight out level with the body, unused for propulsion, or even as rudders, and as little needed in its progress as those of a wild duck when on the wing.

The twists and turns necessary to follow the active little fish are made wholly by the strokes of one wing and the cessation of movement in the other, and the fish are chased, caught and swallowed without the slightest relaxation of speed in a submarine flight which is quite as rapid as that of most birds which take their prey in midair. In less than two minutes some 30 gudgeon are caught and swallowed below water, the only appearance of the birds on the surface being made by one or two bounds from the depths, when the head and shoulders leap above the surface for a second and then disappear.

Any attempt to remain on the surface leads to ludicrous splashing and confusion, for the submarine bird cannot float. It can only fly below the surface. Immediately the meal is finished both penguins scramble out of the water and shuffle, with round backs and drooping wings, back to their cage to dry and digest.—Spectator.

THE FAMILY DOESN'T MIND.

A Peculiar Domestic Scene In a German Saloon In New York.

There is a popular German restaurant and saloon on upper Third avenue which is much frequented by families living in the neighborhood. The saloon is separate from the restaurant proper. The cooking is very good, and the prices are very reasonable, and as a result the proprietor has grown wealthy.

An odd and interesting feature of this resort is the family dinner, which occurs about 7 o'clock every evening. The family consists of the big, broad shouldered host; his small, angular wife; a jolly sister-in-law; three little girls, a small boy, and a governess whose features clearly indicate her New England origin. They all sit down together at a long table, which is placed not in the restaurant, but in the center of the saloon. All around are tables at which sit jolly revelers, and frequently during the dinner hour a crowd stands leaning against the bar.

The family does not seem to mind the saloon surroundings, and, in fact, rarely does any one of them glance up from the table. The only interruptions are when some of the habitual frequenters come up to talk with the host or his wife. The children chatter and carry on just as though they were in a private dining room. It gives a homelike and domestic air to the saloon which probably could not be duplicated in any other hostelry on Manhattan Island. The only person who seems to be ill at ease is the Yankee governess.—New York Sun.

Poisoning Race Horses.

It may well be a boast of the American turf that the practice of "getting at" a race horse has never been very common here, and it is now several years since the last well authenticated case of poisoning occurred at Saratoga. This recalls the fact that the English turf has been notorious for such sensations. Early in the century four crack racers were poisoned at Newmarket, and two men were arrested. The principal in the matter escaped on a technicality, but was rearrested on another charge of horse poisoning and was eventually hanged.

The St. Leger favorite of 1861, a horse named Marcus, was poisoned on the day before the race. He was just able to run, but finished last and died soon afterward. The perpetrator was never discovered.

Even more sensational was the "hocusing" of Lanercost, the first winner of the Cambridgeshire, who was in 1842 considered a certain winner of the Ascot cup. He was poisoned, but, like Marcus, was able to run and finished last. He did not die, however, but was retired to the stud.—New York Herald.

Couldn't Smell In the Dark.

An old gentleman too impatient for his hot water and a light to be brought rushed into the kitchen, seized hold of the first pan on the stove and dashed away with it to his dark room. On plunging his hands into the wash hand basin he was amazed to find that it contained something thicker and stickier than water—that he had, in fact, spoiled the first course of his dinner by trying to wash in the soup.

Boiling over with passion, he began to upbraid his wife, and on her suggesting that he might have smelled it was soup he thundered, "How in the name of fortune could I smell in the dark?"—London Answers.

Wanted Her Reformed.

Mamma—Why did you pray that God should stop your sister from telling stories?

Small Son—Because she promised me she wouldn't tell that I took the cakes, and she did tell.—Good News.

Every mother should know that croup can be prevented. The first symptoms of true croup is hoarseness. This is followed by a peculiar rough cough. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given freely as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the cough has developed it will prevent the attack. 50 cent bottles for sale by Melville, druggist, post office building.

Brace Up.

There is nothing better to impart life and vigor than Foley's Sarsaparilla. Trial size, 50c. H. F. Vortkamp.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The First Nationa. Bank.

LIMA, OHIO.

Capital $100,000
Surplus and Profits $10,000

In addition to its commercial business, this bank has opened a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, where deposits of $1.00 and upwards will be received and interest paid. Small accounts solicited.

S. S. WHEELER, President. C. M. HUGHES, Jr., Cashier.
. S. BRICE. Vice President. F. C. CUNNINGHAM, Ass't Cashier

ROBERT MEHAFFEY, PREST. THOMAS DUFFIELD, VICE PREST.
W. H. DUFFIELD, CASHIER.

The Metropolitan Bank,

LIMA, OHIO,

No. 330 North Main Street, Metropolitan Block.

Transacts a General Banking Business

Special attention given to the business of depositors. Collections promptly made. Deposit your earnings in the

SAVINGS DEPOSIT DEPARTMENT

Of this Bank, and have

INTEREST PAID ON YOUR MONEY.

Deposits will be received of sums of 25 cents and over. Semi-annually interest will be computed on these deposits under rules adopted by the bank, and be paid to the depositor.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, 140 North Main Street.

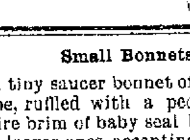
EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Melville Bros., next door to postoffice.



Before and After Using.

Sexine Pills RESTORE LOST VIGOR

New discovery. Will brace you up in a week. Sold with WRITTEN GUARANTEE to Cure Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power in either sex, Involuntary Emissions from any cause. If neglected, such troubles lead to consumption or insanity. $1.00 per box by mail, 6 boxes for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Small Bonnets.

A tiny saucer bonnet of flame pink crepe, ruffled with a peony, has an entire brim of baby seal heads, with two larger ones accenting the sides. Another, a minute triangle of scarlet felt braid, suggesting the head dress of the east, was bewilderingly beautiful, in fitting close to the head like a skull cap, and from the center of the flat crown rose two shadowy Mercury wings of black gauze, starred with jet. Looped through the brim around the front and side was a long scarf of thin white lace that fell, in short head dress ends behind the ears, and projecting straight in front, and near together, like two large beetle horns, was a pair of dull silver ornaments richly set with red stones.

There is no medicine so often needed in every home and so admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended, as Chamberlains' Pain Balm. Hardly a week passes but some member of the family has need of it. A toothache or headache may be cured by it. A touch of rheumatism or neuralgia quieted. The severe pain of a burn or scald promptly relieved and the sore healed in much less time than when medicine has to be sent for. A sprain may be promptly treated before inflammation sets in, which insures a cure in about one-third of the time otherwise required. Cuts and bruises should receive immediate treatment before the parts become swollen, which can only be done when Pain Balm is kept at hand. A sore throat may become serious. A troublesome corn may be removed by applying it twice a day for a week or two. A lame back may be cured and several days of valuable time saved or a pain in the side or chest relieved without paying a doctor bill. Procure a 50 cent bottle at once and you will never regret it. For sale by Melville, druggist, post office building.

Tablet for the Teapot.

A chemical addition to the teatable is the patent Tanocea, or teatoning tablet, a careful preparation of gelatine and alkaline salts, which, when added to an infusion of tea as directed, dissolves rapidly and combines with and dissolves the tannin contained in the tea, thus minimizing largely, if not entirely, the chances of that dyspepsia which is one of the worst effects of over-indulgence in tea-drinking. This is brought out in London, properly, for the use of the greatest tea-drinking country in the world.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment

Is a certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Granulated Eye Lids, Sore Nipples, Piles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum and Scald Head, 25 cents per box. For sale by druggists.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

Do Not Fail to Vote.

The coming congressional election will doubtless decide the economic system of our government for years to come, and it is the duty of every good citizen to vote as his judgement may dictate. It is especially his duty to have Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure always on hand for all bowel complaints. 25 and 50c. H. F. Vortkamp.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSION

Via Lake Erie & Western R. R. on October 23 and November 6, 1894. The L. E. & W. R. R. will sell round trip excursion tickets to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas and Texas at greatly reduced rates.

For rates and other information call at L. E. & W. ticket office.

J. C. BURCH, Ticket Agent.

LAND SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

To Southern points, via Lake Erie and Western Railway on October 23, November 6th, and December 4th, 1894, at rate of One Fare for round trip, to points in Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia. This is an excellent opportunity to make a visit to the South. There are millions of acres of cheap lands inviting settlement within the territory covered by these excursions.

For particulars call at L E & W ticket office. J. C. BURCH, Ticket Agent.

If you are going to make a trip, no matter in what direction, it will be to your interest to call at Ohio Southern office, 76 Public Square, before deciding what route you travel.

LAND SEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

Via the C., H. & D. R. R. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad will run Land Seekers' Excursions to all points in the South at rate of one-fare for the round trip on August 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th. Tickets good returning within twenty days from date of sale.

For tickets and other information, call on any C., H. & D. R. R. ticket agent or address D. G. EDWARDS, G. P. A., C., H. & D. R. R., Carew Bl'd'g, Cincinnati.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THINK IT OVER!

When you want to buy a Suit, Overcoat, Pants, Underwear, Hat, etc., and buy them

AT COST

—AT—

Gus. Kalb's

Going Out of Business Sale.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Saturday, Oct. 27, 94.

GEO. DIXON'S OWN COMPANY,

—INCLUDING—

WOOD SISTERS, HERBERT & CAVIN, THE TANAKAS, NELLIE SEYMOUR.

JOE WALCOTT,

Champion Light Weight, and other high class Vaudeville Artists.

USUAL PRICES.

The Lima Times-Democrat.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB'G CO.

COUNTING ROOM, 238 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL, No. 64

TALES OF THE TOWN

South bound passenger train No. 5 due here at 12:35 o'clock on the C. H. & D., was an hour late to-day.

Jas. Funk is learning to be a tonsorial artist under the directorship of Adam Kraft, the East Wayne street barber.

The funeral services of Frank Decker were held from the German Reformed church at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The condition of Mrs. Frank Metheany to-day was improved slightly over that of yesterday and there are hopes of her recovery.

The work of remodeling the W. L. Porter residence at High and Elizabeth streets into quarters for the Lima Club, has been commenced.

The three Lima prisoners in jail here for stealing potatoes, have written to their friends at home, asking for bail. As yet they have not received any assistance.—*Kenton Republican.*

The remains of James N. Nickell, who died at Fort Wayne Wednesday, were brought to this city this morning and taken to New Hampshire for burial. He was a son-in-law of Mr. Abbott.

Sheriff Ryan, of Wood county, was in the city to-day with two prisoners arrested at Delphos and wanted at Bowling Green for highway robbery. He left with them for Bowling Green on the 1:15 o'clock C. H. & D. train.

Come One and all

To the Lima House Resturant for a good square meal. Special 15c lunchs served at all times.

Say, our oyster stews beat them all. Come and be convinced. Plain stew 15c, milk stew 20.

We also handle the finest cigars and tobacco in the city. La Rosa and Star Green are a few of our samples. Soups of all kind. Regular meals 25c. 117 East Market street.

KESSLER & ALLEN, Proprietors.

Come and see us and we will do the rest.

Arm and Leg Broken.

Yesterday the ten year old son of Dick Ody, of St. Johns avenue, was in the act of climbing onto a heavy road wagon while it was in motion when he fell and one of the heavy wheels passed over one arm and one leg, both of which were fractured though not seriously. He was carried home and a physician summoned to reduce the fracture.

J. O. Ohler's Injuries.

J. H. Ohler, who was injured at Wapakoneta night before last in alighting from the evening passenger train on the C. H. & D., discovered another sore place to-day, his left side having been very badly bruised in his fall. No bones were broken, but it will be a week or ten days before he is again himself.

The Gorman Case.

The case in Mayor's court against Jim Gorman who was arrested a few days ago upon complaint of his mother still remains unsettled. The police still retain possession of the gold watch which Jim left for security.

Wanamaker & Browne's opening to-night. 7-6t

THREATENED TO KILL HER

Mrs. Watson Asks the Police to Arrest Jim Taylor.

A colored woman named Watson, living on West Spring street, reported to the police last night that a colored man named Jim Taylor had threatened to kill her. She claimed that Taylor came here from Dayton several days ago with a white woman from whom he became separated and as he could not find her again he went to Mrs. Watson's house and Mrs. Watson refused him admittance and he threatened her with a knife.

The police could not find Taylor and Mrs. Watson stated that she was afraid to stay at home and would go to her husband at Cairo if the man wasn't locked up.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

A Man Killed in a Runaway at Oakland.

Wm. Brilmaier, of Oakland, a small town west of Kenton on the C. & E., was killed in a runaway yesterday afternoon.

The team he was driving frightened at a C. & E. train and ran away and in their flight collided with a post hurling Brilmaier out. The wheels passed over his breast, crushing his life out.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Capt. Taylor, of Uniopolis, was in the city to-day.

Auditor Walters went to Ottawa to-day on business.

John Klatte was in Spencerville yesterday afternoon.

Frank Willour, of Wapakoneta, was in the city yesterday.

John Halter went to Ft. Jennings this morning on business.

Mr. I S. Motter and wife are home from their visit in Maryland.

Policeman Baker is entertaining his uncle, Mr. Conkle, of Columbus.

Mrs. J. H. Meilly has returned from a visit in Willmington, Md.

R. H. Harbinson, of Spencerville, was at the Burnet house to-day.

Mr. Charles Schultheis and wife are home from their wedding trip.

Mrs. Meely, of Van Wert, is visiting Mrs. Callahan, of South Main street.

George Monroe the Spencerville Merchant Prince, was in town this afternoon.

Mrs. Jno S. O'Connor and daughter Anna, spent to-day with her sister in Wapakoneta.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Sisco have returend from a visit in New York and New Jersey.

Miss Roberts, of Lima, attended the funeral of Mrs. Peter Johnson.—*Kenton Democrat.*

Jacob M. Whaley, of East Wayne street, has gone to Sprinfield and Cincinnati on business.

Mrs. Frances Cassa, of Waynesfield, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bert Watt, of the St. Johns road.

Misses Lena Willard and Kate Bates left this morning for a visit with friends in Ft. Jennings.

Mrs. Fitzpatrick, of Olean, N. Y., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Striff, of North Main street.

Pat McCambridge and wife, of St. Marys, are the guests of Mrs. F. J. Cassidy, of West McKibben street.

Miss Josie Weaver returned from Beaver Dam this morning, accompanied by her friend Miss Mary Newman.

Judge Richie and Stenographer Price returned last evening from Sidnew, the term of court there being ended.

Miss Mary Keville, of east Wayne street, will return to-morrow from an extended visit with her aunt in Carlisle.

Miss Flora Feasel is visiting friends in Lima.—Mrs. C. W. Risley, of Lima, is visiting here.—Mrs. B. A. Robson and Miss Gretchen Eysenbach are visiting in Lima to-day.—Mrs. R. Jettinger and Miss Emma Aistetter are visiting in Lima and West Cairo. —*Delphos Herald.*

Coal—Plenty

At MAYO'S all the time.

Wanamaker & Browne's opening to-night. 7-6t

SPYKER ARRESTED

On a Warrant Sworn Out by Dessie Hughes' Mother.

Jim Spyker, bartender at the Little Opera saloon, was arrested about 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon by policeman Baker and later bound over on a very serious charge.

An account of the charges made by Dessie Hughes, a thirteen year old girl, appeared in the TIMES-DEMOCRAT several days ago. The little girl who was a witness in the Killman trial, while on the witness stand, charged Spyker and Killman with having lured her into a wine room in Killman's place and compelled her to accede to their desires. The affidavit charging Spyker with having committed rape, was sworn to and signed by the child's mother, Mrs. Jennie Bowers. The prisoner was arraigned before Mayor Smiley immediately after his arrest and pleaded not guilty. The Mayor fixed the amount of his bond at $500 which he succeeded in furnishing and was released.

NAURAL GAS TO SHUT OFF

On Sunday, Oct. Twenty-Eight, at One-Thirty O'clock P. M.

Natural gas will be shut off from the city in order to make the connection for the new main line that is now being laid to Lima. The gas will probably be off two or three hours. Notice will be given when the gas is shut off by the fire alarm striking eight times twice and the same notice will be given when the gas is turned on again.

To avoid accidents all gas should be turned off while the gas is out of the line, and consumers are particularly cautioned to see that all connections are turned off if they should leave their homes.

Yours respectfully,

td THE LIMA NATURAL GAS CO.

TWO WEEKS MISSION

Will Commence at St. Rose's Church Next Sunday.

Two Passionist Fathers, from Hoboken, New Jersey, will commence a two weeks' Mission at St. Rose's on Sunday next with Solemn High Mass at 10 o'clock a. m. The order of exercises will be as follows:

On week days, masses at 5, 6, 7 and 8 o'clock a. m., with short instruction after the first and sermon after the last mass.

Evening service, rosary, instruction, sermon and benediction at 7 o'clock p. m.

Special instructions for children on Sunday, Monday and Tuesday at 3 o'clock p. m.

Confessions will be heard, beginning on Tuesday, from 5 to 7 and 8 to 11:30 o'clock a. m., and 3 to 6 and 7:30 to 10:30 o'clock p. m.

There will be special services on All Saints day (Nov. 1) and All Souls day (Nov. 2).

As the Fathers are excellent speakers and, zealous missionaries much fruit is anticipated from the mission

UPSET THE BUGGY.

A Street Car Collides With a Horse and Buggy.

This morning about 11:15 o'clock street car No. 3, ran into a horse and buggy driven by John VanScoigh and Andy Duff, of Perry township, upsetting and wrecking the vehicle and dragging the horse some distance and injuring Duff.

The accident happened in front of the O'Connor block, a car having just passed going south when they started to drive across the track, not seeing car No. 3 coming north. The car hit the vehicle, upset it and threw the occupants out. Van Scoigh escaped with a few bruises, while Duff's face was cut in several places and a box of poultry upset in the road.

Police Court.

Wm. Neville a well known character who lives in the Colvin block, was locked up at the police station last night for being drunk and disorderly. He was arraigned before Mayor Smiley this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge. He was sentenced to five days imprisonment in the city prison.

John Flynn the overcoat thief was fired out of the city this morning after being imprisoned several days.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness which follows the use of the Syrup of Figs is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed

Card of Thanks.

We wish to tender our thanks to our many friends and neighbors for their assistance and sympathy during the serious illness and death of our husband, father, grandfather, great grandfather and great great grandfayher.

MRS. MATHEW DOTY, DAUGHTER AND GRANDCHILDREN,

801 South Elizabeth street.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ROUND ABOUT.

Wayne Castle, No. 53, K. of G. E., have been invited to institute Grove Castle K. of G. E., at Columbus Grove on next Tuesday evening. The castle was organized by Andrew Herring, who organized the local castle, and the invitation was accepted. The Wayne Castle team is well up in the work and a large number of members will accompany them on the trip.

* *

Mr. Wm. Loescher, of the firm of Martin & Loescher, was married at Winton Place, Cincinnati, on last evening, the bride being Miss Mary Garold. They arrived here this morning and have gone to house keeping in their new house near the water works where Mr. Loescher has charge of the garden, belonging to the firm.

* *

It is understood that a new time card will go into effect on the Pennsylvania road about the second week of November, but that it will give no immediate relief to Delphos people who have no train from the east between the hours of 7:50 p. m. and 9:50 the next day. It may be a good arrangement from some point of view, but it is dead sure the road loses money by its failure to provide for people who desire to attend Lima entertainments or social functions.—*Delphos Herald.*

* *

Billy Jones, the oil man, is somewhat of a pugilist when it becomes necessary to defend himself, although his size would not indicate it. Billy was driving along the road south of the city the other day when a farmer, several times his size, came out onto the road and stopped him, saying:

"I wish you had Gray with you; I'd lick you both!"

"I guess you are mistaken; I don't know you," replied Jones.

"No, I'm not mistaken; I know you."

"If you'll drive down to Chipman's with me I'll prove to you whom I am," responded Billy.

"I'll not go down to Chipman's, or any place else, with you," continued the big farmer, who was warming up and by this time was very angry. "I'm going to whip you, right here and now!"

Billy couldn't imagine what was wrong, and not desiring any trouble started his horse, when the big fellow grabbed the animal by the bit and stopped it. Jones saw he was in for it, and leaping out of his buggy dealt the big fellow a blow which sent him sprawling. Before he could get up he punched him just as fast as the fellow would start to get up. After punching him half a dozen times or so Billy leaped into his buggy and drove away, leaving the farmer half stunned.

A few days ago Billy happened to be driving past the same place when the fellow came out and halted him. Billy thought he would have to do the fellow up again, or get done up himself, and was surprised when the fellow said:

"See here, stranger, I owe you an apology. I thought you was Williams. Just wait till I catch him and Gray together! Say, stranger, you're not very big, and tell me, where did you learn to strike so quick and hard?"

Billy advised him to be more careful about jumping onto people in the future. The farmer, as big as two of Billy, now tips his hat to him whenever he passes the house.

* *

Al VanNorman who went to Leipsic to call upon a young lady last Sunday night and by mistake wore her brother's overcoat home returned the coat by express and succeeded in explaining the affair without incurring the displeasure of the young lady's brother. Al expects to call upon the young lady again next Sunday evening but will start for the depot before his train whistles, so that he will have time to find his own coat.

OIL AND GAS.

Eastern oil market closed to-day at 82⅞.

Buckeye Pipe Line runs, Oct. 25th, 57,391.23.

GAS STRIKE NEAR OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, Oct. 24.—This evening an immense gas well was struck near Gilboa that excels any ever found in this section of the country. It is situated on the old Ramey farm. When struck the powerful flow of gas totally destroyed the derrick, and parts of it were blown for yards away. The heavy drill was lifted and blown a distance of fifty yards. The drillers heard the gas coming and ran, thus escaping probable death. The gas soon caught fire and is now at a late hour burning with terrific fierceness. It lights the country for miles, and at this city, seven miles away, is almost as light as day.

VERY ACTIVE.

The oil field between Buckland and Glynnwood is very active. The Presser Oil company have finished their No. 5, on the Presser farm, four miles west of Wapakoneta, which shows for a good well. Their No. 6 cased yesterday.

M. E. Williams' well, on the Kelling farm, the corner of which adjoins the Presser, will probably reach the sand to-morrow and will be drilled in Monday.

The Ohio Oil company has a small lease—the Link farm—adjoining the Presser. They have two wells on the lease, one doing 75 barrels and the other 25.

M. E. Williams, who has the Kelling farm, drilled several wells in that vicinity several years ago, but missed the pool by a couple of hundred feet.

EAST OF LIMA.

Schaill & Hutchinson will commence a rig Monday on the John Boose farm. The location will be north of the Findlay road. Their wells are holding up nicely and the next few weeks will see numerous derricks in that vicinity.

The McCullough land, between the lake and the P., Ft. W. & C. tracks has been leased by Messrs Schaill, Melville and Woodcock, who will drill a well at once.

A well will also be drilled on the Ramagen farm.

ODEON AND MANHATTAN

Mandolin Clubs Delightfully Entertained Last Night

The members of the Odeon and Manhattan Mandolin Clubs, together with their lady friends, were delightfully entertained last night at the home of Miss Hattie and Messrs A. B. and Harry Chaney, on West North street.

The spacious parlors were well filled with guests and as musicians and instruments were exceedingly numerous the evening was devoted chiefly to an informal musical programme which was duly appreciated.

About 10:30 o'clock the guests were invited into the dining room, where oysters were served and enjoyed. After supper various amusements were indulged in until a late hour, when the guests dispersed.

Among those present were Misses Margaret Johnson, Blanche Neff, Ida Johnson, Cora Rydman, Wid Johnson, Gerd Neff, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Findley, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. DeVoe, and Messrs W. C. H. Foltz, Frank Edgell, W. S. Finley, Chas. Durnbaugh and Ed Horr.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

ALL CLAIMS FORFEITED.

The supreme court of Pennsylvania last week rendered a decision taking the same position as did the supreme court of Indiana in the case of an employe injured on the Indianapolis and Vincennes road. An employe was injured on the Pennsylvania road who was a member of the Voluntary Relief association. The court of Pennsylvania ruled that the plaintiff was entitled to no more benefits than the relief fund allowed him, because he practically forfeited all claim on account of injury against the company when he became its servant.

PAYING IDLE EMPLOYES.

Grand Secretary Arnold, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, has gone east to make another payment to members of the brotherhood who are still idle as a result of the Lehigh Valley strike. By the present law of the brotherhood they are not entitled to any more benefits, but the recent convention decided, on account of the hard times and the great number of idle firemen throughout the country, to make another payment. Mr. Arnold will issue checks to the members the total amount to be issued being about $7,000.

LARGE FALLING OFF.

Traffic officials of the roads running east from Chicago report that there has been a large falling off in the volume of east-bound shipments and that the amount of west-bound traffic has decidedly increased, being about 33⅓ per cent over the tonnage of last year. The falling off in the east-bound shipments is said to be largely in the grain tonnage.

NOTES.

Engineer Latham, of the C. H. & D., is laying off.

General freight agent Thomas, of the C. & E., was in the city to-day.

Supt. O. W. Bell, of the L. E. & W., went to St. Marys this morning.

Engineers Moore and Tyler, of the C. H. & D., are off on account of sickness.

Conductor Thomas Turner, of the L. E. & W., has returned to work after a few days vacation.

Switchman Scott, of the C. & E. yards, returned to work last night after a couple of day's illness.

Engineer Rockhill, of the C. H. & D., left this morning for a hunting trip to Bear Lake, near Petoskey, Mich.

The Pennsylvania company has contracted with the Ohio Falls Car works to equip one thousand cars they are building for the Pennsylvania company with the Wagner grain door.

Brakeman George Dickson, of the C. & E., who was injured here last Saturday night, was to-day reported some better and his physicians now entertain some hopes of seeing him recover.

The order of the general managers to the effect that any employe on the Northern Pacific who has anything to do with politics should be discharged, is a more serious matter than the first reading of the item might convey. It is stated that over thirty of the employes have been nominated for some public office by political parties.

By arbitration the Panhandle route of the Pennsylvania system has been awarded a differential between Pittsburg and Chicago against the P., F. W. & C. By the Panhandle lines the first-class fare, limited, will be $10.50; second class, limited, $9, against $12 and $10 respectively, by the P., F. W. & C. This enables the Panhandle to meet the rates of competitors.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

AN ERROR

Made by a Newsgatherer in Yesterday's Edition.

In yesterday's edition of the TIMES-DEMOCRAT appeared an article under the heading, "A Disgraceful Show," which did injustice to Turner Hall in that it contained a statement that an indecent performance was given in that place on Wednesday night. As a matter of fact no performance was given in Turner Hall on that night and the performance given on the stage in that place last night is reported by those who saw it to have been a clean vaudeville performance.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

NEW CASES.

The C., D. & C. Ry. Co. vs. The Commercial Bank, of Delphos. Appeal on error.

A Great Battle

Is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag victims to the grave. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore bodily health for many years.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, sickness, indigestion and biliousness. 25c.

With Geo. Dixon's Company.

Haynes and Redmund have no peers as sketch artists, vocalists and dancers. Nellie Seymour's rendition of descriptive ballads is very pleasing; the Tanakas, the Japanese top spinners and Panasists have an enjoyable programme of their own; Kittie Nelson, the champion lady dancer; Lavender and Tomson, a character sketch couple; the Wood sisters, duetists; Bently and Greve, in the cleverest musical act before the public, and Murphy and McCoy, the Irish comedians, have never failed to make the audience happy; Herbet and Carin, knock-about and acrobatic clowns. The strongest specialty before the public. Also, Joe Walcott, champion light weight.

Wanamaker & Browne's opening to-night. 7-6t

Brace Up.

There is nothing better to impart life and vigor than Foley's Sarsaparilla. Trial size, 50c. H. F. Vortkamp.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

The Dry Goods Store on the Square.

The Substantial Advantages

We offer are attested by the heavy sales. So far this month we have done more business than in any one month. There must be substantial reasons for such a patronage.

The big assortment of nice, choice Dress Goods at the very low prices is what does it.

An elegant assortment of FINE FUR CAPES at popular prices is also what helped it along.

NO ONE SHOULD MISS THE MANY BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS WE ARE NOW OFFERING.

20c Dress Goods for 12½c.
25c Dress Goods for 15c.
40c fancy all wool Dress Goods for 25c.
50c fancy all wool Dress Goods for 29c.
60c fancy all wool Dress Goods for 31c.

ALSO A NEW LOT OF FUR CAPES.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

DRESS GOODS AND CLOAK HOUSE.

Rapid Growth.

The most remarkable instance of rapid growth was recorded by the French academy in 1729. It was a boy 6 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches in height. At the age of 5 his voice changed, at 6 his beard had grown and he appeared a man of 30. He possessed great physical strength and could easily lift to his shoulders and carry bags of grain weighing 200 pounds. His decline was as rapid as his growth. At 8 his hair and beard were gray; at 10 he tottered in his walk, his teeth fell out and his hands became palsied; at 12 he died with every outward sign of extreme old age.

WANTED.

FOR RENT—Dwelling on Elm street, newly papered; also flat Brotherton block. tf J. F. BROTHERTON.

WANTED — Dressmaking to do at 127 West Wayne street. Evening dresses and silk waists a specialty. 6 3t*

WANTED—Ladies who write plainly to do work for us at their home. Salary, $18 per week the entire year. Reply at once with self-addressed stamped envelope. LILLIAN DURAND, South Bend, Ind.

GIRL WANTED for house work. Apply to Mrs. Dr. Mattison, 638 East High Street.

FOR SALE—A first class family horse, carriage and harness. Address M, care post office. tf

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Small family. Best of wages. Enquire at once at 939 West Market street, of Mrs. C. B. Selfridge, Jr.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of C. N. Buffe, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of C. N. Buffe, late of Allen county, deceased. All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

Dated this 25th day of October, A. D. 1894.

CLOYD J. BROTHERTON, Administrator of C. N. Buffe, dec'd.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of James M. Woods, deceased

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executrix of the estate of James M. Woods, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 15th day of October, A. D. 1894.

10-23w3 ELVIRA WOODS.

AN ORDINANCE

Assessing a special tax upon certain lots and lands herein specifically described, and situate upon Vine street, St. Johns avenue, McPherron avenue, South Pine street and Greenlawn avenue, which tax is assessed to pay construction for sidewalks adjoining and abutting said property.

WHEREAS, the city council by resolutions duly enacted did declare the necessity of constructing sidewalks in front of, and adjoining the lots and lands hereinafter specifically designated, and notice of said resolutions, duly signed by the mayor was served upon the several owners and a return of said service duly appears on record in the office of the said city clerk, and

WHEREAS, said sidewalks were not constructed by the owners of said lots and lands within thirty days from the respective dates of said notices as required by law, but were constructed by the city of Lima, Ohio, and the costs and expenses incident to each separate piece of property were certified to the various contractors, in payment for their work, under the contract price, and,

WHEREAS, it is necessary that all orders so certified to contractors, be fully met and paid, with accrued interest thereon, before December first, 1894, and that the "sidewalk fund" of the city of Lima, Ohio, be fully reimbursed by reason of the issuance and delivery of said orders to said contractors.

Therefore, be it ordained by the council of the city of Lima, Ohio, two-thirds of all the members concurring, as follows:

SEC 1. That to meet the costs and expenses of constructing sidewalks adjoing the various lots and lands described by lot numbers as hereinafter set forth, there be assessed against each lot and parcel of land respectively, the sum set opposite each lot number in the following schedule, which is made part thereof, viz:

FOR CONSTRUCTING SIDEWALK ON EAST VINE STREET—TIME OF PAYMENT, DEC. 1st 1894.

Lot 1877, W. 77 feet, Geo. W. Poland, $37.08.

FOR CONSTRUCTING SIDEWALKS ON ST. JOHNS AVENUE.

Lot 3566, 45 feet, J. M. Leach, $17.21.
Lot 3566, 45 feet, S. A. Sellars, $17.21.
Outlot 13, 100 feet, Wm. Schultheis, $50.23.

CONSTRUCTING SIDEWALK ON M'PHERRON AVENUE.

Lot 5233, 50 feet, Francis M. Adams, $30.20.

CONSTRUCTING WALKS ON SOUTH PINE STREET.

Lot 2485, 50 feet, McPherron & Eastman, $22.14.
Lot 1240, 55 feet, Solomon Carr, $17.36.
Lot 2436, N. 20 feet, E. M. Moore, $7.85.

CONSTRUCTING WALKS ON GREENLAWN AVENUE

Lot 1808, 50 feet, John O'Connor $26.36.
Lot 1811, 55 feet, Lorus Byland, $21.94.
Lot 1812, 55 feet, Lorus Byland, $21.94.
Lot 1815, 55 feet, E. Alberding, $21.53.

SEC. 2. Payment of each sum so assessed against each separate piece of property, shall be made at the office of the city clerk on or before the 1st day of December, A. D. 1894, and in default of payment the city clerk is instructed to certify the same to the county auditor to be placed upon the tax duplicate, and thereafter to be collected, with interest and penalty, as other taxes, and as required by law.

SEC. 3. This ordinance shall be in full force and effect on and after the earliest date allowed by law.

Passed this 22d day of October, A. D. 1894.

J. R. HUGHES, President of Council.

O. E. LYNCH, City Clerk.

You Must Buy

Rubbers now. "The melancholy days have come." You must wear Rubbers if you can, for your health and comfort.

We have them for you; we have everything in the Rubber line. We have the very best goods made. They are Rubbers. They are not made of tar. If you are looking for rubbers made of tar don't come to us for them. We can't afford to sell them. Neither can you afford to buy them. Buy the best, and come to us for them.

OWEN FRANCIS,

229 North Main street.

NO. 54

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber Shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®